

# The Chelsea Standard

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1908.

VOLUME 38. NO. 4

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

## CLOTHING

— AND —

## Shoe Department

Our Clothing Buyers have gone to market this week for **MEN'S and BOYS' Clothing, Furnishings and Men's and Boys' Shoes.**

## NEW GOODS

Will arrive next week, that are the Latest Styles and best values. We are the only Chelsea stores sending buyers to market for our goods, thereby always getting newer styles and lower prices.

You can always depend on what you buy of us both as to quality and style.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

## Farmers & Merchants Bank

If conservative banking with prompt and courteous treatment appeals to you, the Farmers & Merchants Bank, Chelsea, Mich., solicits your patronage.

### OFFICERS.

JOHN F. WALTRUS, Pres. CHRISTIAN GRAU, 2nd Vice Pres.  
PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres. PAUL G. SCHAIBLE, Cashier.

### DIRECTORS.

JOHN F. WALTRUS. PETER MERKEL  
CHRISTIAN GRAU. JOHN FARRELL  
JAMES GUTHRIE. LEWIS GEYER  
CHRISTIAN KALMBACH. ORRIN C. BURKHART  
JOHN KALMBACH.

## JNO. FARRELL.

The only real happy children in Chelsea are fed on Groceries from Farrell's Pure Food Store. A word to the wise is sufficient.

## JNO. FARRELL.

## Central Meat Market.

We Carry a Complete Stock of Fresh and Salt Meats and all Kinds Sausage. We buy only the best, therefore our customers get the best. Smoked Hams and Bacon, Pure Lard, Fish and Dressed Poultry. Courteous treatment, Free delivery. Phone 40.

## ADAM EPPLER

### PRIMARY ELECTION.

Two Hundred and Twenty-five Votes Cast In Sylvan.

In the state the returns that are in show a majority of 809 for Bradley over Warner, with 83 precincts to hear from. The vote as received up to the time of going to press was Bradley, 85,890; Warner, 85,081; Earle, 25,613.

At the primary election in Sylvan township Tuesday there were 225 republican votes cast, 7 democratic and 1 prohibition. The result of the ballot was as follows:

Governor—	James B. Bradley.....105
	Horatio S. Earle.....53
	Fred M. Warner.....46
Lieutenant Governor—	Patrick H. Kelley.....146
Congress—Second District—	Charles E. Townsend.....195
State Senator—Twelfth District—	Frank T. Newton.....177
State Legislature—First District—	H. Wirt Newkirk.....180
Judge of Probate—	Emory E. Leland.....182
Sheriff—	Lester Canfield.....131
	George W. Sweet.....73
Prosecuting Attorney—	John W. Bennett.....32
	Fred M. Freeman.....93
	George W. Sample.....53
	Carl Storm.....28
County Clerk—	James E. Harkins.....107
	Charles L. Miller.....94
Register of Deeds—	George N. Foster.....84
	John Lawson.....37
	Hugh E. VanDeWalker.....67
Treasurer—	Herbert W. Crippen.....15
	Henry Dieterle.....99
	John W. Dresselhouse.....76
Circuit Court Commissioners—	Edward B. Bensecoe.....107
	William S. Putnam.....112
	Victor E. VanAmeringen.....56
Coroners—	Samuel W. Burchfield.....167

### THE SPORTS DAY

#### WAS A SUCCESS

#### EVERYTHING PASSED OFF IN A SUCCESSFUL MANNER.

#### THREE BANDS WERE HERE

Everyone Had a Good Time—The Attractions Were Fine—Chelsea Band Deserves Much Credit.

Wednesday was the biggest day Chelsea has seen for some time. There were about 2,000 visitors and the sports day given under the auspices of the Chelsea Band, was a high success from the time the first horn tooted in the morning until the last violin string squeaked at night.

The day was cool, in fact just a little too cool, but everyone entered into the spirit of the occasion and the weather was soon forgotten.

There was music in the air all day long, the Waterloo and Unadilla bands coming over and helping the boys out in great shape, for which they were very grateful.

The business men took hold of the parade with a vim, and nearly every firm was represented. The parade was made up as follows:

- A. E. Johnson, Marshal.
- Waterloo Band.
- D. C. McLaren, Auto.
- Howard Holmes, Auto.
- K. O. T. M. M. Officers.
- K. O. T. M. M. Grandfathers.
- Farmers & Merchants Bank.
- Kemp Commercial & Savings Bank.
- Frank Leach, Auto.
- Dr. H. H. Avery, Auto.
- M. A. Lowry, Auto.
- Unadilla Band.



THE CHELSEA UNION SCHOOLS WILL OPEN TUESDAY, SEPT. 8, 1908.

Willis G. Johnson.....102	Whole Dam Family—Comic.
John A. Wessinger.....78	Fenn & Vogel.
Delegates to County Convention—	H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.
Rudolph Hoppe, A. W. Wilkinson, O. T. Hoover, John Farrell, Wm. Bacon, L. Vogel, P. Schweinfurth, Michael Wackenhut, D. C. McLaren, John Miller, Geo. English, Geo. Chapman, Wesley Canfield, Warren Guerin, R. D. Walker, John B. Cole, Wm. Arnold, Ed Vogel, H. S. Holmes, Ralph Freeman, A. Steger, George A. BeGole.	Bacon Co-Operative Co.
In Washtenaw county the following were the successful candidates and their majorities:	Holmes & Walker.
Governor—J. B. Bradley.....567	J. J. Raffrey.
Sheriff—Lester Canfield.....174	The Chelsea Standard.
Prosecutor—Carl Storm.....4	Chelsea Band.
Clerk—Charles L. Miller.....85	Fire Department.
Register—Hugh E. VanDeWalker.....168	VanRiper & Chandler.
Treasurer—H. W. Crippen.....209	John Farrell.
Commissioner—W. S. Putnam.....855	The Chelsea Tribune.
Commissioner—E. B. Bensecoe.....215	Cowboys.
Coroner—Samuel Burchfield.....130	Water Wagon—Comic.
Coroner—Willis G. Johnson.....116	L. Burg.

**St. Mary's School.**  
Last Friday the Sisters of St. Dominic, who have charge of St. Mary's school, arrived in Chelsea from St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian, where they spent their vacation. The teaching staff for the coming year is composed of the following Sisters, viz.: Sister Mary Thomas, superior, Sister Mary Concepts, Sister Mary Frederica and Sister Mary Matilda. The school will reopen on Monday, September 7, and the Sisters will teach up to and including the tenth grade. Special attention will be paid to instruction on the piano and violin. The Mother Superior, Sister Mary Thomas, will be pleased to give necessary information to those interested.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store.

### LOSSES ADJUSTED.

Damage Due to the Recent Storms Amounted to Over \$5,000.

Thursday and Friday of last week the directors of the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Company adjusted losses, most of which have been occasioned by the recent storms, amounting to over \$5,000. The following is the list:

- George O'Neil, Scio, damage to house by lightning, settled as refunded assessment, \$18.21.
- Edward DePew, Saline, damage to barn by lightning, \$3.96.
- John Wise, Lima, damage to house by lightning, \$7.95.
- Jesse Keedle, Superior, two claims, sheep killed by lightning, \$6.66; damage to tool house, \$3.25.
- Julia Townsend estate, Superior, barn and personal by fire, \$1,122; Emory Townsend, barn and personal, \$375.08.
- James Burrell, Ypsilanti, barn and contents, lightning, \$900.
- George Thomas estate, Webster, house and contents by lightning, \$799.40.
- Harrison Ruthraff, Ypsilanti, damage to tool house by lightning, \$9.10.
- I. M. Knickerbocker, York, cow killed by lightning, \$26.66.
- M. D. BeGole, Pittsfield, cow killed by lightning, \$33.32.
- Claude R. Leland, Northfield, sheep killed by lightning, \$13.32.
- S. C. Wheeler, Salem, barn and contents, lightning, \$599.
- D. T. Mahar, Superior, oat stack, lightning, \$83.06.
- Clarence and R. Spaulding, Ypsilanti, \$1,255.32.
- Jesse Hewens, Augusta, barn, lightning, \$10.
- Mrs. Anna Donovan, Northfield, house damaged by lightning, \$8.
- Herman Fletcher, Lima, damage to house and personal, lightning, \$10.93.
- James Rice, Superior, damage to house, lightning, \$3.
- Wm. E. Sanderson, Augusta, horse killed by lightning, \$26.66.

### Mission Festival.

The annual mission festival of St. Paul's church was held Sunday. The morning services were conducted by Revs. R. Schreiber, of Grand Rapids, and J. Hoch, of Ann Arbor.

The afternoon services at 2:45 were conducted by Revs. R. Schreiber, O. Papsdorf, and Dr. J. Pister, president of the German Evangelical Synod, of Cincinnati.

In the evening the services were conducted by Revs. Kuenzler, of New Albany, Indiana, D. Eisen, of Freedom and S. A. John, of Ann Arbor.

The choir had special music for all of the services. The regular offering was \$96, and the special offering by the young people was \$71.

### Mrs. Hannah McCarter.

Mrs. Hannah McCarter was born in Dutchess county, New York, June 1, 1824, and died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer, Tuesday morning, September 1, 1908, aged 84 years and 3 months.

The deceased was united in marriage with Allen McCarter June 29, 1843, and came to Michigan with her husband in 1851. She was an active member of the Baptist church and has been a resident of this village for a number of years. The deceased is survived by two children, Elliott McCarter and Mrs. Fred Wedemeyer, both well known residents of Chelsea.

The funeral was held at the Baptist church at 2:30, standard time, this afternoon, Rev. F. E. Arnold officiating. Interment Oak Grove cemetery.

### A Business Change.

The well-known firm of H. L. Wood & Clark consisting of H. L. Wood and Archie Clark have dissolved their co-partnership.

Mr. Wood, who has been in the business for many years taking the grain and elevator business buying and shipping wheat, rye and all kinds of grain. Mr. Clark has taken the flour, feed, and poultry business conducted by the firm and will be located in the old quarters which has been occupied by the firm for some years past. The Standard wishes both firms success in their business ventures.

### Farmers' Club.

The next meeting of the Western Washtenaw Union Farmers' Club will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Canfield, Friday, September 18. The following will be the program: Instrumental music, Mrs. M. Lowry. Roll call—Quotations. Necessity of brains on the farm, J. Falford. Recitation. Second-hand pleasures, Mrs. Howard Everett.

Most disgusting skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned.

## Freeman & Cummings Co.

### Drug Department

You will find pure, standard strength drugs and medicines.

Also all prescriptions will receive the most careful attention.

### Bazaar Department

We have just received an assortment at 10c each, which you should not miss.

### Grocery Department

The Canning and Pickeling Season is at hand, and to be sure of good results use the best Sugar, Spices and Vinegar.

- Best Eastern Sugar, 25 pound sack, - \$1.50
- Pure Cider Vinegar, per gallon, - 25c
- Mason Fruit Jars, complete, per dozen, pints, 60c; quarts, 70c; half-gallons, 90c
- Miller's Mixed Pickeling Spice, pound, - 40c
- Heinz Pickeling Vinegar, Gallon, - 25c
- Extra heavy Jar Rings, dozen, - 10c
- Manzanilla Olives, quart, - 25c
- Large Cucumber Pickles, dozen, - 10c
- Good Salt Mackerel, each, - 15c

### Don't Forget

We sell the best 50c tea and 25c coffee. Try a pound of each and join the satisfied list.

## FREEMAN & CUMMINGS CO.

## Wanted---Red Wheat

The White Milling Co. is in the market at all times for Wheat, and will pay the highest market price.

### See Us Before You Sell Your RED WHEAT.

We have on hand a good stock of bran and middlings, which we are selling at \$1.25 per hundred.

Flour and Feed Grinding done on short notice. Give us a trial. We can please you.

## WHITE MILLING CO.

## Spring AND Summer Showing

## Foreign and Domestic Woolens

All Woolens of exceptional quality and style, all in suitable quantity to judge style and weave. No Sample Book or Cards.

### 300 Different Styles

Of Suits, Trousers, Fancy Vesting, Top Coats and Overcoats. Our assortment of odd trousers ranging from \$4.00 to \$6.00 is the largest ever shown in any city compared to ours. We are also showing a fine line of Woolens suitable for

### Ladies' Tailor Made-to-Order Skirts.

For the next 30 days we shall endeavor to make such prices as to warrant steady employment for our large staff of workers, and to make our clothing manufacturing business the largest in this section of the country.

Yours for Good Clothing and Home Industry,

## RAFTREY, The Tailor.

The Easy Chair. Only the Englishman knows the science of sitting down. He alone has evolved the chair which recovers for its students all the comfort that has been lost in the day, all the hope that the morning may so inhospitably have barred, says the Saturday Review. Watch, says a Frenchman in an English easy chair and you will find him no worthy apprentice of the science. He is ill at ease and out of sympathy with the chair. But the Englishman has no such quarrel with comfort. He does not, as the Frenchman, sit at attention. There needs not, in fact, be any doubt that England's position as optimist among the nations is due largely to the appreciation of the easy chair. Had Schopenhauer lived in England and been instructed in the art of sitting down he would have written dainty testimonials of the charm of human nature. Pope had no optimism, and it is not surprising that he complained of the "rack of a too easy chair," for only an optimist can be comfortable. Whistler refused to have an easy chair in his house, and quite inevitably wrote a book on the art of making enemies. Carlyle lived among the hard angles of uncomfortable furniture and wrote irritably "A man's literary taste, it may as well be said, is not formed so much by his education or his early life, or his friends, as by his chairs. A man without an easy chair would develop an austere taste. He would read Bacon, Hume, Macaulay. A man with an uncomfortable easy chair would read Hazlitt, Carlyle, Schopenhauer, Nietzsche, Ibsen." A man with a chair which he had molded to all the whims of his body would read Dickens, Lamb, Shakespeare, Meredith, Flaubert, Tennyson. No one, fortunately, has a finer instinct for comfort than the Englishman, and so long as this is so there should be no danger of the decline of good books and poetry and optimism. Only the man who has an easy chair can read the right books.

Royal Parents Getting Wise. Over-education and severe training have been the bane of youths born to become sovereigns, for the reaction has ever led them into excesses which proved their ruin. Had Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, for instance, received proper care, as a boy, he could not have gone to the devil as he did, and would not have died an ignoble death. The mistake is admitted now when too late, for the present generation of royal families, but there is a promise that common sense will be used in the bringing up of the next, for even the venerable Emperor Franz Josef is said to realize the dangers of the older methods, and what a hard time his only son had with his tutors and masters. There seems to have been no "home influence" in the routine of the education of princes. Mother is eliminated. The German emperor, with all his martinet ideas, has not forbidden a certain amount of "mother" in his six sons' bringing up, so the empress has seen more of her children after they left the nursery than was formerly the custom. With rigorous court etiquette, and their health, at least, has been well looked after. The crown prince of Austria's fate was not in vain, says the Boston Herald, if it has taught royal parents the wisdom of the newer education; that while drilling and cramming the poor little bodies and brains, their moral and human qualities must be cultivated in the affectionate atmosphere of home. It is said the children of the young king and queen of Spain will be brought up according to the new ideas, and some traditions of Spanish education are to be rudely shattered for the good of a future monarch's constitution and his mental development.

The mobilization of all British warships in home waters, available for immediate service, was completed June 30 for the annual naval maneuvers, and Admiral Lord Charles Beresford found him self in supreme command of a total of not less than 301 ships, with an aggregate complement of 68,000 officers and men. The newspapers, while they proclaimed that the array of such a force in the North sea is no manner connected with Germany, do not fall incidentally to compare this, the greatest fleet ever assembled in the history of the world, with the fleet of 62 vessels with which Germany recently carried out her North sea maneuvers.

Considering that the place of the librarian of the Pittsburg Carnegie library is worth \$9,000 a year, it was certainly indiscreet for him to make the alleged remark that Pittsburgers don't possess any great abundance of gray matter, even if it is so.

Iron cloth is made from steel and has the appearance of horsehair cloth. It is largely used by tailors as a material for stiffening the shoulders and collars of coats.

DIRECTORS ARE SEVERELY SCORED

YOUNG CASHIER OF ATHENS IS NOW CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

DIRECTORS WERE LAX Young Man Seems to Have Made Same Bad Loans and Did Business Very Carelessly.

While Harry G. Lewis, the 23-year-old cashier of the local Athens State & Savings bank, sat sobbing in the circuit courtroom Friday, Deputy Attorney General Henry M. Chase arraigned the directors for permitting so much responsibility to rest on a youth and then announced that it would be necessary to place Lewis under arrest. A specific charge of issuing \$1,400 forged note, signed J. A. Stanton, was made and Lewis was arraigned before Justice Bator. W. M. Albertson, the aged director who was forced to make out the complaint, wept as he did so. Bond was furnished by R. H. Lewis, father of the cashier and a stockholder in the bank.

"You directors may be honest," said Chase, turning to them in the court, "but you have hopelessly neglected your duty in shoving responsibility on a 23-year-old boy." Chase declared the bank was entirely insolvent and that traces of jewelry, forged and false entries had been discovered. The bank case was adjourned and the directors believe they can furnish proof of the bank's solvency. President I. E. Wells, of the bank, declared Saturday that the bank's affairs were due to loans upon insufficient security and made entirely against the orders of the directors. He said that in his opinion every depositor will get dollar for dollar, and that none of the business men of the village have shown any alarm over the matter. The township, village and school districts' funds were in the bank and many depositors, both large and small, had all of their world's goods in savings accounts.

Illegal Fees Collected. Charges of collecting illegal fees made against Probate Judge Brown, of Lapeer, are said to be substantiated by the report of Julius Dresser, the Detroit expert accountant, who completed his investigation of the judge's books Saturday. According to Prosecuting Attorney Reed the report shows that Judge Brown has collected nearly \$700 illegal fees during his incumbency. It is alleged the judge collected fees on hearing of claims where he had rendered no service whatever and that in his third year he collected \$5 to \$10 for the same service for which he charged \$1.50 to \$2 during his first year. Prosecutor Reed says that Judge Brown must have known he was not entitled to the fees, as during the investigation of the other county office books, the judge did not collect these fees.

Judge Brown is said to have expressed to the prosecutor and Sheriff Conley a desire to finish out his term, promising to return all of the alleged illegal fees collected. Prosecutor Reed has the matter under consideration. Steps may be taken to have the judge removed from office at once.

Duffy's Examination. The formal examination of Joseph Duffy, charged with the murder of the infant child of Miss Myrtle E. Lennon, drowned in the Grand river, Sunday August 5, was begun Thursday morning in Justice Bator's court before an audience that jammed the room to suffocation. Miss Lennon was in court, being still held without formal complaint against her as the chief witness in the case. Harry and Walter Frazee, undertakers, testified to the securing of the body and its disposal. Frank Miller, the young lad who found the body floating in the slip near the west end of the Pere Marquette bridge, testified to the fact of discovery. Dr. M. D. Ryan, who performed the post-mortem, testified to the finding water in the lungs and that the child undoubtedly came to its death by drowning.

A Stricken Family. Returning to his home early Monday morning after making a hurried trip for a physician to attend his mother, Gifford Warner, a young farmer of Greenville, found his wife and little daughter lying on the floor beside their beds unconscious. The house had been struck by lightning in the fierce electric storm of Sunday night and the two who were lying in their beds. The doctor who accompanied him soon revived the pair but Mrs. Gifford is suffering from shock.

Mrs. Warner, mother of Gifford, is seriously injured at her home in Pine Lake, having been thrown from a carriage Friday night. Her husband was instantly killed, landing on his head and breaking his neck.

Sold Out and Died. Twelve hours after he had sold the store that he had operated for half a century, intending to retire from active business life, Gerrit Warner, aged 80 years, died at 2 o'clock Saturday morning. He resided in Muskegon 54 years and leaves a son, C. E. Warner, of Detroit, besides several other children and a widow.

The 100-foot tower supporting the water tank at the Kent county farm collapsed, killing Rollo Buck, of Muskegon, and seriously injuring James L. Kitts, of this city.

Arthur E. Willman, who recently came all the way from the isthmus of Panama to marry Miss Margaret Bellanger, of Negaunee, immediately started back for the isthmus with his bride. Willman has been in the employ of the government as a steam shovel operator for three years and holds the record for the greatest amount of ground excavated in one day.

MICHIGAN ITEMS.

Four hard frosts in succession have ruined nearly all gardens in Luzerne. Richard Fischer, new labor commissioner, says there will be no shakeup in the staff.

Joseph Turner, aged 63, of Port Huron, who was struck by an auto 10 months ago, has just died of his injuries.

The final report of the Detroit Trust Co. as receiver for the Detroit, Flint & Saginaw railway, shows a deficit of \$364,374.74.

Mrs. Zoe Winters, aged 84, of West Branch, was found wandering in the woods after being missing nearly a week. She will recover.

Gilbert Brown, sentenced from Mason for life 22 years ago for killing his wife, died of heart trouble in the Jackson prison, aged 60.

Despondent because of ill health, Emil Jensen, aged 24, hanged himself in the barn of his brother Godfrey Jensen living near Greenville.

Revenue officers made an unexpected inspection of Flint saloons and the owners are on the anxious seat, many irregularities having been discovered.

The thirty-ninth annual reunion of the "Fighting Fifth" Michigan infantry, which served throughout the civil war, was held in Saginaw. About 100 were present.

The cannery factory and contents at Detroit were completely destroyed by fire early Sunday morning. The loss is \$11,000, with \$7,500 insurance. The cause is unknown.

Circuit Judge Knappen held constitutional the act of the last legislature providing a municipal court for Kalamazoo. The law does away with five justices of the peace.

"Queen Mary of Little Sicily," in the town of Lansing, who was imported by "King Mike" as a helpmate, is asking for a divorce, alleging the "king" threatened to slay her.

The badly decomposed body of a Soldier's home veteran was found in Grandville road, south of Grand Rapids. It has been impossible to identify him thus far. Death was from natural causes.

The residence of Mrs. Samuel Hubbs, a Greenville widow and a cripple, was destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. In rising to take some medicine in the night, Mrs. Hubbs upset a lamp, setting fire to the house.

A public wedding, in which Miss Selma Aunke and John Colkema were joined in matrimony, featured in the annual picnic of the Muskegon grocers and butchers, at Mona lake Wednesday afternoon. Over 10,000 were present.

Many of the idle Pere Marquette freight cars have been pressed into service during the last 10 days to handle the early crops. It is thought that nearly all the cars will be used to handle the fruit and sugar beet crops.

Five out-of-town milliners, in Grand Rapids to select fall fashions, were tipped over while riding in an auto mobile in John Ball park Friday afternoon. No one was injured, but witnesses declare there was a grand display of lingerie.

Hundreds of former Menominee residents are expected back for the county fair, to be held in that city September 9, 10, 11 and 12. Vice-President Fairbanks, Gov. Warner and Senator William Alden Smith will be guests at the fair.

"The Kalamazoo saloonkeepers are intelligent looking, clean and the patronage is not half as bad as I have seen in other places," said Carrie Nation after visiting them. "On the other hand, Kalamazoo's churches are among the dearest in the land."

Mrs. Lena Anderson and Mrs. Lena Leckstrom, widows of two men drowned in the Grand river, sued Wm. Ronan and Burr Puttee, saloonkeepers, for \$5,000 each. They allege their husbands lost their lives while intoxicated on liquor sold by the saloon men.

John Mannix, a farmer living several miles north of Flint, has been busy for several days digging his own grave. With the assistance of a mason he is now lining it with brick and cement. Mannix says that he does not expect to use the grave soon, but wishes to make sure that his wishes will be carried out after death.

Friends of "Jack" Ford, of Fruitport, who received letters from him in Constantinople, Ford, who graduated from Williams college and is making a tour of the Balkans and Turkish orient with three college chums, he was considered the best college pitcher in the country last spring, and received several big league offers.

James Mill, a well-known resident of Standish, and his hired man, while cutting hay at Shepard's marsh, were suddenly surrounded by forest fires. They dropped their tools and ran for their lives. Their tents and clothing were burned. They were badly scorched and nearly choked by the smoke and flames in getting out of several camp houses, etc., have burned in that section.

Attorneys for the heirs of the late Edgar Konklin, in Cincinnati, O., are about to bring suit claiming nearly all of Mackinac Island for the latter. A few years ago Mrs. C. M. Konklin, while in Mackinac, saw a picture of Edgar Konklin, her uncle, in a shop. When she asked who he was she was told that he had once owned nearly the whole island, and that his heirs, if he had any, were entitled to it.

Attorneys began an investigation and now say they have ample proof that present holders of ground have not ample title to it.

Mrs. Frank Howland, of Battle Creek, is in Indianapolis trying to secure from Gov. Hanly the release of her husband from the Indiana penitentiary. Howland, a former Lake Shore conductor, is serving a term for shooting a man whom he claimed was intimate with his wife.

Outside capitalists, whose names are not known, have purchased 163 acres of farming land from James Duncan, near South Lyon, for 10,400, and have started to prospect for iron ore. Pieces of ore of good quality are scattered all around the land, and after digging down a few feet the prospectors discovered one very large piece of ore.

Charges Not Sustained. Some time ago charges were filed with the gov. against Prosecuting Attorney Russell M. Chase of Van Buren county. Attorney General Bird, who has been making an investigation, filed a report expressing the belief that the charges cannot be sustained. The official was charged with incompetency, with neglect of duty and failure to secure convictions in liquor cases. Attorney General Bird says he knows how difficult it is for prosecuting attorneys to secure convictions in this class of cases.

News Notes from Lansing

Interesting Happenings at the State Capital of Michigan.

Lansing.—Over 2,000 persons were visiting the Agricultural college the other day. The excursions to the college over the Pere Marquette, two from Plymouth, one from Big Rapids, opened "excursion week." Persons from all along the line took advantage of the annual trips and are visiting the "state farm." The campus presented the picture of one huge picnic ground. Picnickers were scattered all over the campus, from the drill ground to the lake beyond the Women's building, and for the first time since commencement week, M. A. C. presented a truly live appearance. All the buildings were thrown open to the public and guides were employed by the faculty to exhibit them to the visitors. Those of the students remaining at the college through the summer were pressed into service and, garbed in their cadet uniforms, acted as exhibitors of the college. This excursion was an annual affair, excursions being run over the various railroads by M. A. C. during the entire week. In previous years several parties camped at the college for a few days during the week, pitching tents on the grounds, and several such parties were at the college.

Hemans Issues a Statement. Lawton T. Hemans, who is a Democratic candidate for governor of Michigan, issued a formal statement on the issues of the campaign. Mr. Hemans contents himself, so far as the big issues are concerned, with a declaration that the people want these laws and they should be passed, but devotes the greater part of his statement to an attack on the Republican party for its rule of the past 15 years. Mr. Hemans frankly says that he does not believe in personal platforms for gubernatorial candidates, and he makes no positive personal declaration on any of the questions now confronting the people of Michigan. If the statement is indicative of the policy of the Democrats, the campaign this fall will be waged on lines generally attacking the Republican party and crying for a change in the executive chair as the only means of bringing about a better government in the state.

Saloons Near to Factories Bad. Malcolm J. McLeod, who retired as state factory inspector recently, on his appointment as collector of internal revenue, made an address on the work of the department. At the conclusion of his talk, one of the topics suggested for discussion was the matter of restricting saloons in the neighborhood of factories. It was also suggested that steps might be taken to obtain legislation, providing that factory employes be paid in cash instead of pay checks, the system now in vogue proving a big asset to the nearby saloonkeepers. The sentiment favored a discontinuance of the check system and the enactment of laws preventing saloons from nesting too closely to the big factories, as they formed a temptation for the workingmen. Mr. McLeod declared, in the course of his talk, that the child labor question particularly appealed to him, and that he had given it considerable attention.

Would Inspect All Steamers. State inspection of steamboats plying inland waters will probably be advocated at the next session of the legislature. The recent fatal accident on Lake Leelanau, when the steam dome of the steamer Leelanau exploded, following reports of other accidents and narrow escapes, has brought the matter to the attention of the state officials. Under the present rules there is no official inspection of such boats. On nearly all of the larger lakes of the state steamboats are navigated. During the resort season these crafts carry thousands and, according to information received here, many of them are unfit for such service. Life preservers and lifeboats were absent in several known instances, while practically no fire drills are maintained by the crews.

Officials Prevent Forest Fires. Charles S. Pierce, who, besides being state game warden, is also forestry warden, sent out circular letters to all the county foremen in the northern part of the state. The letters call attention to the danger from forest fires at this season of the year. The wardens are urged to take active charge when a fire breaks out and require that assistance be given, the law conferring authority to draft any able-bodied man into the service. The manner in which fires should be fought is gone into at considerable length.

Old Home Soldiers to Get Pensions. Gov. Warner received a telegram from the pension department at Washington stating that the board of managers of the Michigan Soldiers' Home cannot hold up any portion of the soldiers' pensions. This ruling settles the long dispute over the custom of the board to give inmates only a portion of their pension money. Gov. Warner immediately notified the board of managers at the home in Grand Rapids that the practice must cease forthwith.

Incorporate D. F. & S. Line. Articles of incorporation of the Detroit, Flint & Saginaw railway, which will complete the line between Saginaw and Flint, and a branch to Vassar, have been filed with the secretary of state. The capital is \$100,000. The line was recently sold to Isaac Applebaum and Nelson A. Tabor of Detroit, after going into bankruptcy.

Prepare for Army Maneuvers. Col. W. G. Rogers and Sergt. Hatchler of the quartermaster general's department, went to Ludington to superintend the shipment of the state military supplies to the camp at Indianapolis.

State Conference Meets. The annual convention of the Michigan state conference of the Methodist Protestant church was held in Lansing. Seventy delegates were present. O. R. Stilson of Capac was re-elected secretary.

Southern Cities Heavy Sufferers

DAMAGE TO GEORGIA CITIES BY THE FLOOD REACHES MILLIONS. SEVENTY LIVES ARE LOST

Twenty-five Thousand People Will Be Thrown Out of Work, Disaster Was Widespread.

The flood which swept Augusta, Ga., has done millions of damage, caused death and general disaster. The Central grammar school collapsed Friday, the walls of the National Biscuit Co. building fell and the underpinning of the Port Royal bridge was washed away.

The water has been nearly cleared from the streets, but the people are suffering from intense cold. Danger throughout the state because of the floods has ended and business is gradually opening up.

Every mill in Augusta where loss of life occurred has been shut down and there will be no manufacturing operations here for weeks. Five thousand persons have been thrown out of employment in Augusta and the mill in North Carolina are considered.

The financial loss in Augusta is \$1,000,000, that in other Central Georgia cities affected by the flood \$1,000,000, and the loss in North and South Carolina \$1,500,000.

The executive committee of the American Red Cross has authorized Charles L. Magee, secretary of the society, to issue an appeal to the public for funds for the flood sufferers of the south. The need for aid over a large area of the south is declared by pressing A. C. Kaufman, president of the South Carolina branch of the Red Cross, telegraphed: "Millions lost. End not yet."

An appeal has also been made to the war department for aid on behalf of sufferers in Georgia. Secretary of War Wright was in receipt of a following telegram from Rep. Thomas W. Hardwick, of that state: "City of Augusta, Ga., has just been visited with a awful storm and flood involving heavy losses of life and property. Many people are homeless, homeless and suffering for food. Can not the war department render emergency aid? Whatever is done or to be done ought to be done quickly. Answer."

A telegraphic report was sent immediately to Gen. Potts, department of the gulf, in Atlanta, directing him to detail an officer to proceed at once to Augusta to make the necessary investigation and to render such aid as may be possible within the appropriation available for such purposes.

The total loss of life now given as 70, many children among the number.

Evelyn's Sad Plight. Her once famous beauty gone, her nerves wrecked and her income cut off, Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is in a sanitarium in New York trying to wipe back her good looks, wiped out by wrinkles and deep shadows which tell tales of a lively life and worry over money matters.

Her nerves are ragged and she is reduced almost to skin and bone. Her recovery over the loss of her income of \$11,000 she received from Harry Thaw but which has been stopped since the bankruptcy proceedings, is responsible for her breakdown.

In the sanitarium she is known as Mrs. Fitzgerald. She talks little and goes through the rigid system prescribed for her with ardent fervor. She brings attention to the doctor's order that she may win her back the looks that have bright her face, but means to get them young Mrs. Thaw means to get them.

The Persian Revolt. The latest news from Persia confirms the report that the revolution is in full swing in the western and southern parts of the country.

All the tribes in Persian Kurdistan have raised the banner of revolt and demand the leadership of the constitutionalists and demand the immediate convocation of a parliament; otherwise they threaten to declare independence.

The government offices are falling into the hands of the insurgents everywhere and a large number of soldiers have been killed. The governor of Sistan has fled with a small remnant of loyal troops, the remainder of the troops have joined the insurgents. The governor's residence was pillaged and burned.

WIRELESS. July 1, 1908, the U. S. still had no disposed 754,895,296 acres of public lands distributed in 26 states.

There was a light fall of snow Wednesday in the suburbs of Baltimore and hurries were reported from other points in the state.

James Dolan, of Newark, N. J., a lineman in the employ of the public service corporation, sustained a shock of 13,000 volts of electricity and is going to recover, the doctors say. Only a few burns are keeping him in the institution.

Miss Alice Powell, 13, society belle of Evansville, Ind., wore a dress on the street because her friends dared her to. So great a sensation was made among the male population that Miss Powell was arrested and fined \$5 and costs.

Bids were opened by the state military board for the construction of armories at Pontiac and Ionia. For the Pontiac armory only one bid was received, for about \$15,000. Eight bids were submitted for the Ionia armory, the lowest being more than \$20,000, which the board considers too high.

Prof. John M. Manly, head of the English department of the University of Chicago, has been invited by the German government to deliver a series of lectures in the Fatherland, and will leave for Germany soon. Few American professors have received a request from the German emperor direct.

Fighting Cannon. In all Methodist churches in Nebraska tomorrow a letter will be read from the pulpit denouncing Speaker Cannon for his attitude toward temperance legislation, and for snubbing a committee from the general conference that called on him at Washington in the interest of such legislation.

The letter recites that all of the Republican congressmen from Nebraska favor the legislation desired, and urges that all Methodists insist upon pledges from them that they will not vote to re-elect Cannon.

Fifty-one Drowned. The British steamer Duncarn and 51 of her crew of 53 went down in the typhoon that raged off the island of Kiuhiu, Japan, Wednesday. The survivors are Engineer Wm. Phillips and Seaman John Gordon, who were picked up exhausted by the Japanese steamer Sakyo Maru. The Duncarn, a 2,200-ton steel screw steamer, was en route to Singapore. She ran into the very center of the terrific typhoon.

The Jerome D. Rice Seed Co. of New York closed a deal for a warehouse in Buckley and has contracted for many acres of seeds.

The following yarn comes from Bremen, Ind.: A herd of cattle belonging to Oscar Huff wandered into the field in which he was blasting stumps, and during his temporary absence the stumps, sticks of dynamite lay around. Driving them home that evening Huff threw a stone at one and the animal exploded. The concussion sent another steer flying through the air in pieces. The other steers escaped.

THE MARKETS. DETROIT.—Cattle: Quote extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$5.20; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$4.75; 15 steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$4.40; 450 grass steers and heifers that are fat, \$6.00 to 7.00 lbs., \$3.50; choice fat cows, \$2.75; good fat cows, \$2.25 to \$3.00; common cows, \$2.25 to \$2.75; canners, \$1.75 to \$2.25; heavy bullocks, \$4.50; 200 lbs. fat to goodologna bulls, \$3.00; 225 lbs. stock bulls, \$2.50 to \$3.25; choice steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; stock heifers, \$2.50 to \$3.25; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4.00 to \$5.00; common milkers, \$2.00 to \$3.00; Veal calves—Market, \$5.00 higher; best, \$5.00 to \$6.00; others, \$4.00 to \$5.00. Milch cows and springers—Strong. Sheep and lambs—Market, steady; last week's prices. Best lambs, \$5.75; fair to good lambs, \$4.50 to \$5.25; light to common lambs, \$4.00 to \$4.50; good butcher sheep, \$3.75 to \$4.25; culls and common, \$2.00 to \$2.50. Hogs—Market, opening dull on everything but note pigs, which are 50c higher; thin grass hogs almost unsalable. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$4.00 to \$5.00; pigs, \$4.40 to \$5.25; light Yorkers, \$6.00 to \$6.25; roughs, \$2.50 to \$3.00; stags, 1-3 off.

East Buffalo.—Cattle: The demand was limited on heavy cattle and what were here sold no higher than last week. Fat cows and heifers sold from 10c to 15c higher. The market closed slow. Best export steers, \$5.75 to \$6.25; best 1,200 to 1,300 lb shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$4.50; stock heifers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; common, \$2.25 to \$2.50; trimmers, \$2; best fat heifers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; 500 lbs. stock heifers, \$3.50 to \$4.00; light stock heifers, \$3.25 to \$3.50; best feeding steers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; best stockers, \$3.40 to \$3.70; 350 lbs. stock steers, \$3.25 to \$3.50; stock bulls, \$2.75 to \$3.25; the cow market today was about \$8.50. The cow market last week best cows, \$4.00 to \$4.25; medium, \$3.50 to \$3.75; common, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Hogs—Market strong; heavy, \$4.75 to \$5.25; Yorkers, \$6.00 to \$7.00; pigs, \$4.50 to \$5.00. Sheep—Market active; top lambs, \$6.50 to \$7.00; culls, \$4.25 to \$4.50; wethers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; ewes, \$4.00 to \$4.25; yearlings, \$2.00 to \$2.50; yearlings, \$4.75 to \$5.25; lambs all sold. Best calves, \$8.75 to \$9.00; medium to good, \$6.50 to \$8.50; heavy, \$3.50 to \$4.00.

Grain, Etc. DETROIT.—Wheat: Cash No. 2 red, \$1.14; September opened unchanged at 95 1/2c; gains 1/2c to 3/4c and declines to 95 1/2c; December opened at 97 1/2c; touched 98c and declined to 97c; May opened at \$1.01, advanced to \$1.01 1/4c and declined to \$1.00 1/2c; No. 3 red, 92 1/2c; No. 1 white, 84c. Corn—Cash No. 2, 79 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 77c. Oats—Cash No. 2 white, 1 car at 52c; No. 3 white, 2 cars at 52c; September, 10c to 15c; 5,000 bush, bid 50 1/2c, closing at 51 1/2c. Rye—Cash No. 2, 2 cars at 75c. Beans—Cash, \$2.10; October, 1 car at \$2.05; November, \$1.85. Cloverseed—Prime, 100 bags at \$8.10; March, 200 bags at \$6.25; sample 100 lbs. at \$6.25; 7 at \$8.14 at \$7.25; 5 at \$6.75; Timothy Seed—Prime spot, 100 bags at \$1.50. Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, 22c; coarse middlings, 22c; fine middlings, 22c; cracked corn and coarse corn, \$34; corn and oat chop, \$31 per ton. Flour—Michigan patent, best, \$5.25; ordinary patent, \$4.75; straight, \$4.65; clear, \$4 per bu. in wood.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT. Week Ending September 5. TEMPLE THEATER.—VAUDEVILLE. —Afternoon 2:15, 10c to 25c. Evenings, 8:15, 10c to 50c. Frank Nelson & Co. presenting a character study entitled "Thirty Dollars."

WHITNEY.—Evenings, 15-20-30c. Matinee 10-15-25c. "Young Buffalo."

NEW LAFAYETTE.—Moving pictures and vaudeville, 5 and 10 cents.

ELMER PARK, Belle Isle Bridge, furnished entertainment for all. Free vaudeville by high-class talent a special feature.

Steamers Leaving Detroit. DETROIT.—BUFFALO STEAMSHIP CO.—Foot of Wayne st. For Buffalo and Niagara Falls daily, 5 p. m. Week-end trip, \$2.50.

WHITE STAR LINE.—Foot of Griswold st. For Port Huron and Waukegan, week days at 8:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. For Toledo, daily at 8:15 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. Sunday at 8:45 a. m. and 4:15 p. m.

DETROIT AND CLEVELAND NAVIGATION CO.—Foot of Wayne st. For Cleveland and eastern points daily at 10:30 p. m. For Mackinac and way ports: Monday and Saturday, 5 p. m.; Wednesday and Friday at 9:30 a. m.

Must Close the Saloons. In a startling public proclamation issued Friday from the summer capital Gov. Ford declares that unless the existing law is observed in Atlantic City, which he calls a "Saturnalia of Vice," Sunday and all saloons and cafes closed tightly he will call an extraordinary session of the legislature and send the New Jersey state troops to the famous resort, declaring the city most drastic action which has been taken to enforce a general law over New Jersey.

ERN CITIES  
Y SUFFERERS  
O GEORGIA CITIES  
FLOOD REACHES  
MILLIONS.  
LIVES ARE LOST  
thousand People Will  
of Work, Disaster Wa

# Master Mind Solves Auto Murder Mystery By Telepathic Suggestion

By  
**FRANK LOVELL NELSON**

## Man with Greatest Deductive Powers Known to Criminal Detectives

### Insignificant Personal Trait Overlooked by Police Leads to Unraveling of Duplicity and a Woman's Untwisting Devotion.

It certainly looked black for Arthur Edgerton. Even Clarke, who usually, I find, is inclined to let his sympathies rest with the accused until all shadow of doubt is dispelled, was hard put to find, excuses for him.

When she left, Clarke's eyes danced with excitement.

When we reached the scene of the tragedy we found the machine standing apparently just as the murderer had left it, the front wheels in the ditch and the hind wheels elevated by the grade of the roadway. A dark pool of blood in the tonneau told its own story.

"An automatic," he quietly remarked. "Nothing but a steel-jacketed bullet could go clear through the body

plain-clothes man. Where are they now?"

He, taking me as I expected him to for a "fly cop," said nothing but jerked his thumb expressively in the direction of the depths beyond.

Just as I was about to enter the swinging doors an awful hubbub arose from within, the sound of chairs hurled violently to the floor, the crash of breaking glass and overturning tables, curses, and the deep breathing of men in deadly battle. The one customer who had pricked up his ears at the mention of the inspector, fled inconspicuously. I pushed the doors aside and rushed in.

The scene that met my eyes was over in less than the time necessary to describe it, but it was thrilling while it lasted. Two men were locked in deadly embrace, reeling about the room, overturning tables and chairs, while a third circled around them watching for a chance to administer the quietus with the butt of a pistol. The man in the embrace of the stranger was Clarke. The one with the pistol the inspector. The stranger had a long knife in his right hand which he was trying to bring to bear on Clarke's anatomy, but I was pleased to note that the wrist of the hand that held the blade was encircled with four fingers and a thumb that I knew possessed a grip like a pipe-wrench.

The affair could have but one ending, and I did not see that I could be of any use. With one powerful effort Clarke brought his opponent's head within range of the butt of the inspector's revolver, there was a quick thud, and a limp form slipped out of his arms to the floor.

"What devil's trick is this you're playing on me, Mr. Clarke?" roared the inspector. "We left this man at the station not half an hour ago. How comes it that you lead me here on a false scent and then drag my own prisoner out of that room and force me to slug him?"

"I didn't lead you on a false scent, inspector," returned Clarke, with a grim smile. "I gave you my word of honor that if you would come with me I would give you the privilege of arresting the real murderer of Harrison Garner. There he is, and all you have to do is to handcuff him. He'll be coming around in a minute, though I don't think there's much fight left in him. The police certainly deserve great credit for this. I imagine the morning papers will have a good deal to say about the wonderful piece of work accomplished by Inspector Ship. It isn't too late for an extra, even."

"That's all very well, Mr. Clarke, but what does it mean?"

"I'll tell you—ah, he's coming back to earth. That was a scientific crack you gave him, just hard enough but not likely to interfere with the later duties of the hangman. Inspector and Mr. Sexton, I have the pleasure of introducing to you Mr. Arnold Edgerton, the twin brother of a most estimable man, who has risked his own neck to save one that is absolutely worthless. Now, inspector, you may take the case and Mr. Sexton and I will retire again to private life."

It was many months after these events that I first heard the connected story from Arthur Edgerton's own lips. Nothing came out at the trial, as Arnold was induced to plead guilty and accept a term of life imprisonment, there being little doubt that he was insane. Edgerton, the virtuous, lived in retirement until he could wind up his business affairs, when he and Miss Morrison were quietly married and departed to make their residence in Europe. The evening before they left they called at our apartments to express again their gratitude to Clarke for making their great happiness possible.

"I was born in Rio Janeiro," began Edgerton after, with some reluctance, he had consented to tell his story. "My brother followed me into the world a few hours later and our mother died at his birth. My father was the younger son of a titled English line and had settled in Brazil to make his fortune, which he did most successfully, acquiring, in the course of time, an extensive ranch and large holdings of city property.

"I have performed this duty to the best of my ability. I closed up my father's affairs, sold off everything, and came here, thinking it might save Arnold to get him away from his evil associations, but wherever he is he consorts only with the lowest.

"One of his choice methods of worrying me has been to impersonate me and call upon my friends, usually do-

can't be of any importance. When he was leaving he rolled a cigarette and I noticed that he rolled it inward. When he makes his own cigarettes he always rolls them outward and he told me once that was the proper way. This

"I don't have to imagine. The history of circumstantial evidence contains many a more perfect chain which was only broken after an innocent man had been hanged."

"Then, again," he continued, "what do you make of the robbery? If through jealousy Edgerton killed Garner, why should he rifle his pockets, tear out a diamond-stud, and wrench the ring off his finger like a common freebooter?"

"That might have been the work of someone else who arrived on the scene after the murderer had fled," I suggested.

"A stronger argument on your side would be that it was done to throw the police off the track. But we argue to no purpose, and I, for one, propose to await the sequel."

It was the old, old story, the fatal triangle, in the demonstration of which tragedy has been the corollary since the world began—two men and one woman.

Arthur Edgerton possessed the three almost priceless tallents of the gates of modern society: youth, good looks, and wealth; and these had won for him the master-key: social position, despite the handicap of antecedents unknown, some said, even doubtful.

Harrison Garner put into the balance against these: wealth, a family name honored for generations, and an unblemished character. Edgerton's brilliancy he offset by unflinching good humor and wholesomeness.

Mazie Morrison, secure in her own little social realm and with no lack of suitors for the hand of its queen, had played one against the other. She had finally silenced the gossips by accepting Edgerton, and then set their tongues wagging faster than ever by receiving both on equal terms, despite the cards and the ring and all the delightful, bothersome preliminaries to matrimony.

And then the sequel: Garner found out about the heart in Edgerton's automobile on a lonely spot on the Lake Shore drive; Edgerton, blood bespattered, behind prison bars, and Mazie Morrison, weeping, inconsolable, distraught in her pretty boudoir, slumped at the havoc her little hands had wrought in three lives.

A visitor came heavily veiled, and as Clarke stepped forward to offer her a chair, I was able to judge nothing of her personality beyond that she was young and owned a figure, svelte, but suggesting through her dark costume, animal-like lines and curves. Or was it the art of the dressmaker exemplified in a perfectly gowned woman?

"Yes, Miss Morrison, I am glad you have called on me. It is about the Edgerton case, I suppose," replied Clarke, while I discreetly retired behind the portiere of my bedroom door.

"Oh, yes, Mr. Clarke. You have seen the papers. You know the terrible trouble I am in."

"Now then," continued Clarke, "the papers say that Mr. Edgerton called at our apartment building, the Patio, at 10 o'clock last night. That he found Garner there and stayed only about ten minutes. That he and Garner left together, entered Edgerton's automobile, and started north. Now what occurred during those ten minutes?"

"Oh, Mr. Clarke, it happened just as the papers say, only they have added many horrible things that are not true. They say Arthur was insanely jealous of Harrison, and that he left me in a rage. He wasn't a bit jealous."

"Had Mr. Edgerton any business troubles?"

"None that I know of. Papa said that the other evening that his factory had orders enough ahead to run it a year."

"Now, Miss Morrison, did you notice anything else strange in his actions?"

"Well, there was one thing, but it



**TWO MEN WERE LOCKED IN DEADLY EMBRACE**

of a man and then cut so clean a furrow. There are no signs of a struggle. The polish of that woodwork hasn't a scratch on it, which wouldn't be likely if there had been a fight. Officer, are you sure these levies haven't been touched since the body was found?"

"Yes, sir, I came with the wagon last night and they were just that way. The lieutenant left Clancy to guard it and I relieved him at eight. Neither of us have touched them."

"Perhaps Edgerton was a new hand at the game."

"No. On our way back I had been trying to think where I had heard his name before. I just recalled it. He drove his own car in the races at Washington park last year. I must pay more attention to sports."

When we entered the gloomy corridors of Central station, Clarke at once sought out Inspector Ship, who happened to be in charge, and begged for an interview with Edgerton.

Here we met a stumbling-block of formidable proportions. Inspector Ship returned with the word that the prisoner absolutely refused to see anyone.

"Then, inspector, I wish you would lock me up in the cage next to Edgerton, and preferably on the side his bunk is on, if that one is empty. You can do that, can't you, and leave me there for an hour? I may be able to interest him through the grating."

"Better go out and have your luncheon in the meantime, Sexton," said Clarke, as he and the inspector disappeared down the iron stairway.

At the restaurant to which I went for luncheon I met some friends, jovial good fellows, and we tarried long over the coffee and cigars. When I finally broke away, I realized in dismay that fully two hours had elapsed since I parted from Clarke. I hurried at once to the station, and there found a laconic note from him.

When he stopped he left the throttle on the second speed, threw off the gear-clutch, applied the emergency-brake, and skidded into the ditch on his tires. They are cut through. The engine was not burned out from being left running, for the machine is of a type which disconnects the batteries when the gear-clutch is thrown. No expert motorist ever did such a bungling job."

"Better go out and have your luncheon in the meantime, Sexton," said Clarke, as he and the inspector disappeared down the iron stairway.

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"Can't wait any longer. Come at once to 435 Fourth avenue."

I went in boldly, and at a venture, said authoritatively to the barkeeper, who was serving a solitary customer: "The inspector just came in with a

ing some act to disgrace me. You have seen the resemblance between us, and as I never mentioned to my friends that I had a twin brother, it was easy for him to impose on them. Before I asked Mazie to be my

wife," Edgerton continued, "I called my brother into my office and made a compact with him. In consideration of a material increase in his allowance he was to leave Chicago and not return for five years. I almost hoped that before this time was up he would either drink himself to death or be killed in some brawl.

"He has always shown himself incapable of keeping his word, and I was scarcely surprised, when, on the day of the tragedy, he walked into my office. I was angry and lost my temper. I told him he never would get another cent out of me. At first he whined and begged, but when he saw I was firm he became furious and opened upon me a torrent of abuse. I ordered him to leave or I would kick him out.

"He went, vowing the most terrible vengeance against me. When I calmed down I was filled with remorse and felt that I had been untrue to my father's trust. But I reasoned that his desire for money would bring him back.

"When I got to my apartments that evening the janitor looked at me in surprise. 'Why, Edgerton,' he said, 'you're back early. I saw you leaving in the automobile not 15 minutes ago. Did you find your keys inside?'

"I knew at once what had happened. My brother had gone to the garage and taken out my car and made the excuse of losing his keys to get the janitor to let him into my rooms. I went upstairs and found my worst fears realized. His own clothes were there and a black suit, the mate to the one I was wearing, was missing. He was out to make trouble for me.

"It was a hopeless task to attempt to track him, so I went to the resort in Fourth avenue, where you found him, and where I knew he would turn some time during the night.

"Sure enough he came about ten o'clock. He tried to pass it all off as a joke, and said the machine had broken down and he had left it at a garage near Lincoln park. He said he was sorry for the scene he had made in my office and that if I would give him money he would leave town that night and never bother me again.

"At his request I changed coats with him as he showed me that he had grease from the auto all over the one of mine he had on. I did not guess that it was blood.

"I had scarcely returned to my apartments before I was arrested and charged with the murder. Then the whole, horrible truth flashed upon me. I thought of my brother speeding away from the city and I registered an instant resolve to take his place.

"It occurred to me later that his first impulse, on finding himself in possession of his ill-gotten booty and the money I had given him, would be a debauch, and then, hearing of my arrest and that I was disposed to shield him, he would lie low in his thieves' retreat until a safe opportunity presented to get away. So I felt pretty safe in telling Mr. Clarke where to find him.

"And just think, dear, you might have been convicted in his place if I hadn't come to Mr. Clarke," said Mrs. Edgerton, while her husband stopped to roll a cigarette in preference to those Clarke offered him. I noticed that he rolled it outward.

"I shouldn't have been convicted, dearest, as I could have established a good alibi, but the mystery would have been unsolved, I would have been ruined, and I doubt if you would have been willing to take my name. Mr. Clarke's way was by far the best. By the way, Clarke, I didn't want to tell you all at first, but when I looked into your eyes I knew I had to. Still you seemed to know it all, anyway. May I ask how you found out I had a brother?"

"You may thank Mrs. Edgerton's keenness of observation in noting your method of rolling a cigarette for the first tip. Then your brother's bungling work with the auto seemed to make it as clear as a printed page. It only remained to persuade you to verify my theory."

"I think you could have done that anyway. You have a remarkable power over men."

"And over women, too," said Mrs. Edgerton. "I wonder you have never married. It's lucky for Arthur that I met him first."

Which shows that the best of women are at heart coquettes.

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(Copyright in Great Britain.)

**HER GOOD FORTUNE**  
After Years Spent in Vain Effort.

Mrs. Mary E. H. Rouse, of Cambridge, N. Y., says: "Five years ago I had a bad fall and it affected my kidneys. Severe pains in my back and hips became constant, and sharp twinges followed any exertion. The kidney secretions were badly disordered. I lost flesh and grew too weak to work. Though constantly using medicine I despaired of being cured until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Then relief came quickly, and in a short time I was completely cured. I am now in excellent health."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**We Know That Fellow.**  
"That man over there is the biggest skin in the city."  
"Rob you, would he?"  
"Rob! Say, if I had to shake hands with that fellow I wouldn't feel sure I had all my fingers until I'd counted 'em."—Boston Transcript.

**Thoreau's Sensible Answer.**  
When the forest-haunting hermit Thoreau lay on his deathbed, a Calvinistic friend called to make inquiry regarding his soul. "Henry," he said, anxiously, "have you made your peace with God?" "John," replied the dying naturalist, in a whisper, "I didn't know that God and myself had quarreled!"

**Mentally Sound.**  
The proud beauty eyed him with scorn.  
"What!" she exclaimed. "Do you think I would marry a dried up, insignificant, homely little man like you? You must be crazy!"  
"No, Miss Pinkie," he said, looking around for his hat; "my mind is all right, but you have convinced me that it's in the wrong body."

**When the Little Man Scored.**  
A meek-looking little man with a large pasteboard box climbed on the car. As he did so he bumped slightly into a sleepy, corpulent passenger with a self-satisfied look and two little dabs of side-whiskers. As the car rounded a curve the box rubbed against him again and he growled: "This is no freight car, is it?"  
"Nope," returned the meek little chap with the box, "and when you come right down to it, it ain't any cattle car, either, is it?"



Visitor—Can I see the editor, my lad?  
Office Boy—Are you a contributor or gentleman?  
**MUCH UP AGAINST IT.**  
Old Lady's Description of (His Some-what Confusing.

Mrs. Rhoda Holmes Nichols, the artist who spends the summer at Gloucester, Mass., where she teaches a numerous sketch class, tells of an old woman who lives on the outskirts of the town and whom she has known for a number of years. The old lady has often been sketched by the students of Mrs. Nichols' class, and is known to them and to everybody else as Aunt Sally.

When Mrs. Nichols went to Gloucester this year she called at the quaint little cottage and found the old woman rather more bent than last year and looking a good deal older as she tottered along her little garden leaning on a stick.

"Well, Aunt Sally," said the artist, "how have you been since last summer?"

"Oh, not very well," she replied, shaking her head. "Not very well."

"Is the rheumatism still bad?"

"Oh, yes, miss, it's that bad now. I can't see and I can't scarcely lay."

**REMAINS THE SAME.**  
Well Brewed Postum Always Palatable

The flavour of Postum, when boiled according to directions, is always the same—mild, distinctive, and palatable. It contains no harmful substance like caffeine, the drug in coffee, and hence may be used with benefit at all times.

"Believing that coffee was the cause of my torpid liver, sick-headache and misery in many ways," writes an Indiana lady, "I quit and bought a package of Postum about a year ago.

"My husband and I have been so well pleased that we have continued to drink Postum ever since. We like the taste of Postum better than coffee, as it has always the same pleasant flavour, while coffee changes its taste with about every new combination or blend.

"Since using Postum I have had no more attacks of gall colic, the heaviness has left my chest, and the old, common, every-day headache is a thing unknown." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

**The Chelsea Standard.**

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, Chelsea, Michigan.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1898, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.



**NATIONAL**

President—  
WILLIAM H. TAFT, Ohio.  
Vice President—  
JAMES S. SHERMAN, New York.

**STATE**

Governor—  
JAMES B. BRADLEY, Eaton Rapids.  
Lieutenant Governor—  
PATRICK H. KELLEY, Detroit.

**CONGRESSIONAL**

Member Congress—2nd District—  
CHARLES E. TOWNSEND, Jackson.

**SENATORIAL**

State Senator—12th District—  
FRANK T. NEWTON, Ypsilanti.

**LEGISLATIVE**

Representative—1st District—  
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Ann Arbor.

**COUNTY.**

Judge of Probate—  
EMORY E. LELAND, Northfield.  
Sheriff—  
LESTER CANFIELD, Ypsilanti.  
County Clerk—  
CHARLES L. MILLER, ANN ARBOR.  
Register of Deeds—  
HUGH E. VANDEWALKER, Ypsilanti.  
Prosecuting Attorney—  
CARL STORM, Ann Arbor.  
County Treasurer—  
HERBERT W. CRIPPEN, Superior.  
Circuit Court Commissioners—  
WILLIAM S. PUTNAM, Ypsilanti  
EDWARD B. BENSCH, Ann Arbor.  
Coroners—  
SAMUEL BURCHFIELD, Ann Arbor.  
WILLIS G. JOHNSON, Ann Arbor.

**THE SPORTS DAY WAS A SUCCESS**

(Continued from first page.)  
George Knoll, who entered his horse in the running race, was very unfortunate, suffering the loss of his horse in a peculiar manner. In making a stop at the end of a heat he checked the animal too soon, and it slipped and broke one of its legs.

The ball game between Chelsea and Dexter resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 11 to 2.

The balloon ascension took place from the Winters lot on west Middle street and proved a big attraction. It had been feared that on account of the high wind that had prevailed from early morning, the stunt could not be pulled off, but about five o'clock the wind went down, and the balloon went up. It was as pretty a flight and parachute drop as was ever seen in Chelsea. The outfit came down near the pea factory.

The dance in the evening drew a good crowd, sixty-five numbers being sold.  
The band boys worked hard to make the affair a success and are to be congratulated on the outcome of the affair.

**Election of Officers.**

The annual election of officers of the Young Men's Social Club was held in their rooms Monday evening. The club was organized one year ago and has been one of the social features of Chelsea for the members of the club and their friends.

The officers for the coming year are as follows: President, Wirt S. McLaren; vice president, Herbert Schenk; secretary, John Riley; treasurer, John L. Fletcher. The executive committee consists of E. E. Gallup, E. E. Winans, Dr. A. G. Wall, Julius Strieter and Herbert Schenk and the entertainment committee comprises Kent Walworth, L. J. Chandler and Rollin Schenk.

The club has a balance on hand of \$100 and they will have the rooms redecorated and will also place a number of new pieces of furniture in their rooms. The first dancing party of the season will be held September 17th in the club rooms.

If you haven't the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulents will prevent constipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them. 25c.

**CHURCH CIRCLES**

**ST. PAUL'S.**  
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.  
Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning.  
The Ladies' Aid Society will meet with Mrs. John Heller Friday afternoon of this week.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.**  
The Christian Science Society will meet in the G. A. R. hall at the usual hour next Sunday, September 6, 1908. Subject, "Man." Golden text, "Let thy hand be upon the man of thy right hand, upon the son of man whom thou madest strong for thyself."

**BAPTIST.**  
Rev. F. E. Arnold, Pastor.  
Prayer meeting Friday evening.  
Covenant meeting Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning. Preaching by Rev. F. A. Arnold.  
Young people's meeting Sunday evening at 6 o'clock.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL.**  
Rev. D. H. Glass, Pastor.  
Prayer meeting Thursday evening.  
Preaching services Sunday morning. Sunday school following the preaching services.

This is the last Sunday of the Conference year and will be observed by celebrating the Lord's supper. The union services will be held in the Baptist church in the evening.

**CONGREGATIONAL.**  
Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.  
Prayer meeting tonight (Thursday).  
Next Sunday will be Old People's Day and a special invitation is extended to all the old folks to be present at the morning service. Subject of the sermon "Advantages of Old Age." The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated.

The evening subject, "The Peril of the Empty House."  
Mrs. Elizabeth Wagner.

Mrs. Wagner was born August 25, 1814, at Hornberg, Wurtemberg, Germany, and died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. David Schneider, of Lima, Wednesday evening, August 19, 1908. She came to America 60 years ago and was the widow of the late John Wagner, of Freedom.

The descendants of this family are Mrs. Mary Holzappel, of Lima, J. Geo. Wagner, of Chelsea, Mrs. David Schneider, of Lima, and a step daughter, Mrs. Israel Vogel, of Chelsea.  
The funeral was held last Friday afternoon from Zion church Rogers Corners, Freedom, Rev. Limster officiating.

**School Notes.**

The main school building and the plantation in the rear have been put in as good condition as possible for the opening of school next Tuesday, September 8th. The interior of the main building looks the best ever, the wood-work and furniture having been re-finished. The former kindergarten building has been overhauled, the partitions being taken out and the floor replaced by a new one. This gives more room and gets rid of the foul odor which came from the old floor. While this is by no means satisfactory, it is the best that can be done for the little tots under present conditions. An effort is being made to have all grades have a full day's work this year, however, the first and second grades can not do any work the first week.

The pupils of the public schools will please assemble as follows: the sixth, seventh, eighth and high school grades in the main building; the third and fourth grades in the former first and second grade building; the fifth grade in the former third grade building and the kindergarten in the former kindergarten building. No room has been secured for the first and second grades and the pupils of these grades will please not appear until one week from Monday morning. An announcement will be made next week if room is secured.

This rearrangement of the grades is necessary on account of the varying size of our rooms and the grades. All those who have second hand books to sell should dispose of them before the opening of school or as soon as possible after the opening.

All children in good health between the ages of 7 and 16 who have not finished the eighth grade should appear for enrollment at the parochial school or the public school, Tuesday morning at 8:30 a. m. (standard time.) If there is any reason why children of the above mentioned ages will not be in school it should be made known to the Board of Education or the superintendent of the schools to save the serving of papers on the parents by the truant officers.

Sincerely,  
E. E. GALLUP,  
Supt. of Schools.

**Excursion, Sunday, September 6.**  
Via Michigan Central to Jackson, 35c; Battle Creek, \$1.05; Kalamazoo, \$1.25. Train leaves at 8:40 a. m., returning same day.  
(Adv. No. 174)

**PERSONAL MENTION.**

Rev. A. A. Schoen was in Ann Arbor Monday.  
Mrs. E. E. Gallup spent Monday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Nina Greening was an Ann Arbor visitor Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. Steger are guests of relatives in Toledo.

Arthur Foster, of Ann Arbor, spent Monday in Chelsea.  
Mrs. A. L. Steger is visiting relatives in Toledo this week.

John Seid, of Franciscus, visited Chelsea relatives Sunday.  
Mrs. B. Glenn and children were Ann Arbor visitors Monday.

Roxy Jones, of Ann Arbor, spent Tuesday with Chelsea friends.  
Rev. and Mrs. John Knapp, of Cincinnati are Chelsea visitors.

E. Frank Ohlinger, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.  
George White, of Buffalo, N. Y., is a guest at the home of D. Helm.

Miss Carrie Fairchild, of Ypsilanti, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.  
Mrs. Chas. Allen and daughter are spending some time in Petoskey.

E. L. Negus is attending the G. A. R. encampment at Toledo this week.  
Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker, of Lansing, visited Chelsea relatives the first of the week.

Mrs. Wm F. Kees is the guest of relatives in Detroit and Monroe this week.  
Rush Green is in Toledo this week attending the national encampment of the G. A. R.

Miss Anna Laura McMicking, of Detroit, is visiting Miss Dorothy McEldowney.  
Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Sweetland are visiting relatives at Buffalo and Rochester.

E. G. Hoag and family, of Ann Arbor, were guests at the home of F. H. Sweetland Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Ide and daughter, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of F. K. McEldowney.

Miss Kathryn Keelan visited at the home of Miss Mary Byrne of Ann Arbor Sunday and Monday.  
Prof. D. C. Marion, who is teaching school near Marshall, spent several days of the past week here.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Mackey, of Sharon, spent several days of the past week visiting Chelsea friends.  
Mrs. L. M. Gillette and children, of Battle Creek, were the guests of Miss Mary Smith the past week.

Misses Helen and Emilie Steinbach attended the Whitman-Cotter wedding in Ann Arbor last Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Pfister, of Jackson, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Michael Wackeshut.

Kenneth Purchase returned to his home at Detroit today after spending some time with relatives here.  
Mrs. Allen Tucker and daughter Edith, of River Rouge, spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tucker.

D. H. Wurster left for Chicago Wednesday, where he will make purchases for the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Weiss left Monday for Traverse City where they will visit relatives and friends for a few days.

Harry Buck, of Rose City, and Miss Mary Byrne, of Ann Arbor, spent Thursday and Friday at the home of John Keelen.  
Messrs. S. A. Bisbee, of Coldwater, and Wm. Bisbee, of New York, are the guests of relatives in Chelsea and vicinity.

Rev. Fathers Ryan, of Pontiac, Stanton, of Jackson and Crowley, of Monroe, were callers at St. Mary's Rectory last Thursday.  
Miss May Shank and Dell Shank, of Los Angeles, Cal., and E. V. Shank, of Traverse City, Mich., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. D. Heim and son, James, who have been visiting relatives in Buffalo, New York, returned home the latter part of the past week.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stapish, who have been visiting their parents in Lyndon, returned to their home in Detroit Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Howlett have returned from their trip to Frankfort, Crystal Lake and Charlevoix and a visit with friends in Petoskey and Harbor Springs.  
**Democratic Caucus.**

The Democrats of the township of Sylvan will meet in caucus at the town hall in the village of Chelsea on Saturday the 5th day of September, 1908, at 3 p. m. of said day, for the purpose of electing 14 delegates to attend the County Convention to be held at Ann Arbor, September 15th, 1908, to place in nomination County Officers and to elect 19 delegates to the State Convention, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.  
Dated at Chelsea, Mich., Aug. 31, 1908.  
By Order Township Committee.

**CORRESPONDENCE.**

**WATERLOO DOINGS.**

The village school begins Monday with Rev. Resley as teacher.

Most of the farmers have had their grain threshed the past week.

The Ladies' Aid met at Rev. Resley's Wednesday afternoon for supper.

John Moeckel, who has been very ill for the past week, is slowly improving.

Dr. Gorton and family, of Ypsilanti spent the past week at the home of L. L. Gorton.

The Waterloo band brought back \$60 in prize money, won at Lansing last week. Waterloo is proud of the boys.

**FRANCISCO NOTES.**

Miss Adah Schenk spent last week at Wolf Lake.

B. C. Whitaker and family were Jackson visitors last Thursday.

Michael Schenk, who was taken suddenly ill last Wednesday, is some better.

Verissa Hoppe has returned to her school work in Spokane, Washington.

A goodly number from here attended the band tournament at Lansing.

C. A. Beal, of Bucyrus, Ohio, spent several days of last week with his brother, Rev. J. Beal.

Chas. Riemenschneider, who has been ill with rheumatism for some time, is still unable to get out.

The Misses Lillian Nuenke and Margaret Close, who have been the guests of Mrs. H. J. Gieske, returned to their homes in Bay City, Monday.

**SHARON NEWS.**

H. J. Reno is building an addition to his house.

Mrs. Julia Schaible, of Manchester, is visiting relatives here.

H. P. O'Neil and grandson visited in Adrian the latter part of last week.

Ira Lehman visited his brother George and family in Saline over Sunday.

Mrs. G. Bentler and daughter, Anna, have been visiting relatives in Jackson.

Florence and Pheobe Cooper, of Grass Lake, called on friends here Wednesday.

John Fletcher, of Chelsea, spent Sunday at the home of his uncle, Fred Lehman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kilmer, of Sylvan, spent Sunday at the home of C. J. Heschelwerdt.

School began in district No. 9 Monday with Miss Laura VanHorn of Grass Lake as teacher.

Mrs. J. Wurster and children, of Saline, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bruestle last week.

Mrs. Kellogg, of Belleville, and Grace Fletcher, of Chelsea, visited friends and relatives in this vicinity this week.

Mrs. Peckins and daughter, Mrs. Fred Lehman, returned last week from a visit with relatives near Williamston.

Rev. Taylor, of Battle Creek, spoke to an enthusiastic congregation Sunday at the North Sharon school house on the temperance question.

Mrs. Frank Ferguson and daughters, of Clinton, were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Reno, several days of the past week.

**SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.**

Miss Alice Heim spent Saturday at Ann Arbor.

Miss Teresa Merkel has been visiting relatives in Jackson.

Miss Mary Heschelwerdt is visiting her sisters in Ann Arbor.

John and Fred Schaufele, of Manchester, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Libbie Monks is spending this week with her nephew at Detroit.

**COTTON SALE**

For One Week Only.

Every Housewife has for years avoided buying Cottons because of the abnormally high prices. All Cotton Goods have been way, way up in price.

The past season has brought the manufacturers to their senses. They are ready now to take a reasonable price for their goods. We have bought brown and bleached Cottons in big quantities and at particularly low prices.

We are able on the lookout for good values, and while our buyers were away last week buying goods we were able to get hold of some especially good values in Cottons, and we now place them on sale at prices lower than the same goods have been offered at in five years. Our advice is,

**BUY FREELY**

As these prices are very low, and we believe you will not be able to get Cotton of all kinds so cheap again for some time. We offer **Short Lengths** as follows while they last only:

**Bleached Shorts**

Lonsdale Seconds, (Hopes) these have been as high as 14c per yard. 2 1/2 to 10 yards, now 7c.  
Genuine Lonsdale Cambric Shorts, 1 to five yards only in the piece, always 18c to 22c, now 10c.

**Unbleached Shorts**

Pepperell 9c Cotton, 10 to 20 yard lengths, now 7c.  
Nameless Cotton, short lengths, worth 9c, 5 to 10 yards, now 7c.

**SPECIAL**

Cotton Values for One Week by the Yard or Piece, as follows:

**Unbleached Cotton**

Sheridan L.L. 36 inch, 7c Cotton, now 5c.  
Peach Tree, 36 Cotton, now 6c.  
Central Market Cotton, now 7c.  
Dependon, 36 Cotton, now 6c.  
Other Unbleached Cottons at just as low prices

**Bleached Cottons**

Cameo, 36 inch, 8c Cotton, now 5c.  
Admiral, 36 Cotton, now 7c.  
Hope, 12c Cotton, now 5c.  
Cabot, 12c Cotton, now 5c.

**Cambric Muslins**

Dunmore, 15c Cambric, now 10c.  
"General," 20c Cambric, now 15c.  
Nainsook Finish, 20c Cambric, now 12c.  
Nainsook Finish, 22c Cambric, now 15c.

**All Standard Makes of Sheets and Cases**, both hemmed and hemstitched, at greatly reduced prices.

**This Week Only.** For Bed Comforts—36 inch very best Silklines, all New Patterns, beautiful colors and designs, 12c. 36 inch Challies, regular 15c quality, now 12c.

**H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY**

**WANT COLUMN**

**RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.**

FOR SALE—At a bargain 3 stock racks also a good work horse. W. J. Knapp, 411

FOR SALE—40 good breeding ewes, also one yearling colt. W. B. Collins, Gregory, 4

FOR RENT—Offices formerly occupied by D. C. McLaren & Son in Kempt Commercial & Savings Bank building Inquire at the bank. 31f

FOUND—A place to get rid of something that you do not need. Try a Standard want ad.

HOUSE FOR RENT—On south Main street known as the Matilda Remnant house. Inquire of Wm. Remnant, Chelsea. 4

WANTED—Steel Range helpers. Carpenters to follow-board castings, and other foundry help. Bonnet-Nance Stove Co. Chicago Heights, Ill. 5

FOR SALE OR RENT—My entire dairy business, including cows, sterilizing plant, wagons, etc. There are 32 cows, and sales average from 175 to 200 quarts daily. Inquire of Wm. Coe, Chelsea, Mich. 4

WANTED—By school district No. 10 Sylvan, ten cords of block wood. Inquire of Phil Broesamle. 11f

FOR SALE—80 acre farm, 4 miles north of Grass Lake, Mich. Will exchange for dwelling property. For particulars address H. Care of Chelsea Standard. 8

John Walz and family attended the picnic at Pleasant Lake last week.

George White, of Buffalo, N. Y., is spending some time with relatives here.

Mrs. Fred Miller and daughter, of Jackson, spent Sunday at Peter Merkel's.

Mrs. Joseph Weber went to Detroit Monday to attend the funeral of her grandchild.

Mrs. Walter Schulte and children, of Detroit, are spending the week with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Detroyer, of Detroit, spent the first of the week at the home of S. Weber.

Mrs. D. Heim and son James, returned home Thursday after visiting in Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Detroit.

**Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Fence Post**

From MILL Direct to YOU. Write for Prices.

South Side Lumber Company, Traverse City, Mich.

J. O. CROTHER, Receiver.

**DAN PATCH**  
1908 1:55

WONDERFUL MILES PACED BY DAN PATCH, THE WORLD'S CHAMPION HARNESS HORSE, AT CLOSE OF 1907.

10 Miles Averaging	1:58 1/2
20 Miles Averaging	1:57 1/2
31 Miles Averaging	1:56 1/2
62 Miles Averaging	1:55 1/2

DAN HAS BROKEN WORLD RECORDS 14 TIMES.

**Be at the Mich. State Fair Detroit, ON TUESDAY, SEPT. 8**  
**See Dan Patch Break the World's Record**  
**This Will be a Thrilling Sight of Your Life Time**  
**Tuesday, Sept. 8, is the only day Dan Patch will pace.**  
**Dan's trainer states he can pace a mile in 1:54. Do you think he can?**

# A GRACEFUL LINE.



Our line of Fall Suits is complete, styles perfect. There is a grace and quality about them which will make your

## Fall Suit or Overcoat

more attractive and valuable than ever. The suits and overcoats are in styles to suit the particular dressers. The prices made to suit the depleted purse. There is a saving in the clothes we sell which you will appreciate.

Examine our line of Cravenettes. We are showing a nobby line and the prices are right.

## Furnishing Goods.

You need to stock up probably on a good many lines about now. Our New Fall stock offers inducements that will please all purchasers. Our line of Ties, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Hosiery and Gloves are things that men need in abundance and our prices are reasonable.

Let us show you the new goods.

## Hats--A Fine One For You.

The men who are careful of their appearance are anxious to have hats that fit the head and whole expression. That's what we provide. Stiff or Soft Hats, in Black or in Shades. All you have to do is to tell us your preference and we provide the hat to suit it.

## Shoe Sensation.

There's the sensation of pain when a shoe doesn't fit--there's the sensation of comfort when it does. There's the sensation of surprise when we quote such low prices on shoes as we do. There's the real sensation in shoe selling when comfortable shoes, high-grade shoes are selling at such moderate prices as we name.

# DANCER BROTHERS.

## City Meat Market

CHOICE CUTS of meat are to be found in our ice boxes--the kind, quality and in the condition desired by all of our patrons. Tender meats daily, and no other kind is permitted to be sold over our counter or enter our market. We take pride in cutting meat to please our customers. You are not compelled to take what you do not want. A full stock of Fresh and Salt Meats, Hams, Bacon and Sausages of all kinds always on hand. Give us a trial.

FREE DELIVERY. Phone 61.

J. G. ADRION.

# This Is Bargain Month WITH US

We offer our Bean Harvesters at prices to close. Also Corn Harvesters, Fence, Buggies, Road Wagons, Harness.

## 3 Stock Racks at Less Than Cost

### Our Stock of Furniture

For the next few days will be sold at Special Low Prices

## Buy Goods at the Right Prices

# W. J. KNAPP

## CASH MEAT MARKET

Our leader is fine, fat, juicy roasts of beef--grain fine as silk and tender. Then there are our superb steaks, chops, poultry, pork and sausage. We choose nothing but primo stock for our patrons and send it home prepared appetizingly and ready to be put right in the oven.

Try our Pickled Tripe.

Also our make of Summerwurst.

SPECIAL PRICE ON LARD in 25 and 50 pound cans. Give us a trial  
Phone 59  
Free Delivery.  
**VAN RIPER & CHANDLER.**

Try our Job Department for your Printing.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Ralph Freeman is taking a week's vacation.

Wm. Doll, of Farrell's store, is off on his vacation this week.

Ed. Forner has had his premises on west Middle street graded.

The new bell will be placed on St. Mary's school building this week.

David Alber, Jr., is having his residence on McKinley street painted.

James Bachman expects to start up his apple dryer in about two weeks.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Winters, of Wheaton, Ill., Sunday, August 27, a daughter.

The annual meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, September 9.

Milo A. Shaver has placed a new team on the oil route which he has charge of for the Standard Oil Co.

Clarence Weiss left for Big Rapids Saturday where he will attend the business college in that city.

The stores of Chelsea are displaying signs stating that they will be closed all day Labor Day, Monday, September 7th.

John Simmons and son, of Detroit, are guests at the homes of Martin Howe and Ed. Shanahan of Lyndon this week.

Mrs. Peck has moved from the Lehman house on Garfield street, to the Schwickerath residence on Taylor street.

Ed. Shahahan, of Lyndon, presented The Standard office, on Tuesday, a basket of choice late Crawford peaches. Thanks.

John Steele, who is employed by the White Milling Co., is making arrangements to move his family from his farm in Scio to Chelsea.

The regular communication of Olive Lodge will be held Tuesday evening, September 8th. A full attendance of the members is desired.

"Archie" Peck, of Jackson, will again this year act as chief of police at the state fair in Detroit; he will have charge of several hundred special policemen.

Miss Genevieve Hummel and Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Waltrous left Monday for a two weeks' outing at Mackinac Island and a number of the summer resorts in that vicinity.

The Chelsea Gas Co. have opened offices in the Durand-Hatch block. J. B. Cole is working hard to get matters in working order, and expects to have the plant in running order by July 1, 1909.

Mrs. Isaac Glenn, who has been spending several months in Cincinnati, returned to her home here Wednesday. This morning she slipped while on the stairs, and fell breaking her left wrist and otherwise bruising her.

Rt. Rev. Monsignor DeBever, of Dexter, who is in his eightieth year, officiated Sunday, August 23, in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, and preached two very eloquent sermons. He is a man of remarkable vigor.

Sarah E. VanTyne of Chelsea has been appointed executrix of the estate of Mary A. VanTyne. The appraisers named are George BeGole and William Bacon and the judge of probate will act as commissioner. Claims will be heard October 29 and December 29.

W. D. Jefferson, well known to Chelsea theater goers, will present the Boston Ideal Stock Company in repertoire at the Chelsea opera house on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings of next week. There will probably be a large attendance as this is the first company to appear here this season.

The 29th annual reunion of the 17th Michigan Infantry will be held at Dundee, Thursday, September 17. The headquarters will be at the National Hotel and the business meeting of the regiment will be held at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. A banquet will be served at 5 o'clock p. m. Theo. E. Wood is secretary of the organization.

Bethlehem church, of Ann Arbor, will celebrate its seventy-fifth anniversary Monday evening, September 7th. Rev. Rudolph John, of Chicago, will conduct the services. Tuesday evening will be a social evening for the congregation. Wednesday evening, the pastors of Washtenaw county will participate. Thursday evening, organ recital. Rev. A. A. Schoen will attend.

Beginning next Sunday, September 6, the order of services in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart will be as follows: Holy communion, 7:00 a. m.; low mass, 8:00 a. m.; high mass, 10:30 a. m.; catechism, 12 m.; baptism, 2:00 p. m.; vesper service, 7:30 p. m. On week days Holy communion will be given at 7:00 a. m., and mass will be celebrated at 8:00 a. m. All the services are on local time.

H. S. Holmes is having his warehouse repaired and painted.

Miss Carrie Brenner begins teaching school Monday near Onondaga.

Mrs. C. Fenn is confined to her home with an attack of heart trouble.

John B. Cole was in Detroit Saturday on business for the Chelsea Gas Co.

M. Boyd of Sylvan Center reports the first field of corn cut in his locality.

Born, Friday, August 28, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Moon, of Chicago, a son.

The Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co. are sacking their season's purchase of wool, preparatory to shipping.

It is reported that Patrick Farrell of Dexter township had a number of sheep killed recently by dogs.

John Weber has purchased of Mrs. Wm. Monks the 40 acre farm, known as the Hays place in Sylvan.

The democrats of Washtenaw county will hold their county convention in Ann Arbor, Tuesday, September 15

Mrs. Paul Chase has had a fine monument placed on her lot in Vermont cemetery. The work was done under the direction of S. A. Mapes.

M. J. Noyes, on Tuesday sold to Fred Notten a three-year-old ram and to Fred Mensing a yearling ram. Both animals are Black Tops and registered.

The Waterloo Cornet Band was awarded the seventh purse of \$40 at the state band tournament held in Lansing Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

Ethel and Everett Tucker, who have been spending their vacation with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tucker, returned to their home in River Rouge Saturday.

Oscar Laubengayer, who has been spending the summer with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Laubengayer, of Sylvan, returned to Eden College in St. Louis, Mo., Tuesday.

Word was received just as the Standard went to press that the difference between the vote for Bradley and Warner was less than one hundred in favor of the former, with thirty-two precincts to hear from.

Next Sunday, September 6th, at 7:30 p. m. the blessing of the new bell for St. Mary's school will take place in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, the Rt. Rev. Monsignor DeBever, of Dexter officiating. Father DeBever will be assisted by Rev. John P. Ryan, of Dexter, and Rev. E. A. Fisher, of Manchester, who will preach an appropriate sermon.

The directors of the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. have ordered an assessment at \$4 per \$1,000 to raise \$20,000.50. The assessment will be spread in September and paid in October. This is the highest assessment for some time. Last year it was \$2.50 and the year before \$3.65. The year before that it was \$4, however, the same as this year.

Ypsilanti Daily Press: Michael J. Noyes, of Chelsea, was in the register of deeds office, Ann Arbor, yesterday. Mr. Noyes in spite of his advancing years, is very active, and still does considerable work in his profession of surveying. Mr. Noyes as a young man spent ten years in the government service. He helped to survey the international line between British Columbia and Washington, also the state line between California and Nevada in the vicinity of Lake Tahoe.

Jacob Haupt, who has been a resident of this place for the last two years and at present employed by the Millen Portland Cement Co. of Four Mile Lake, met with a severe accident Sunday night. He was walking on a runway in the plant and walked off the end falling a distance of about eight feet. His nose was broken, face and lips badly bruised and his abdomen injured. He was taken to the home of Lewis Wright and is reported as resting very comfortably.

During the state fair which begins Thursday in Detroit passengers on the D. J. & C. cars when city fares are collected at the western city limits of Detroit, on asking will be given Woodward avenue transfers good to the state fair grounds. This is a special concession during state fair week as transfers ordinarily are good only to Log Cabin park. The Detroit United people are preparing to handle an immense crowd of people on the line between Jackson and Detroit.

Mrs. Rachel Bliesath was born in Pennsylvania June 19, 1823, and died at the home of her son, Daniel Shell, Tuesday morning, September 1, 1908, aged 85 years, 2 months and 19 days. She has made her home with her son in this village since the death of her second husband, which occurred some years ago. Two children survive her, one son and one daughter. The funeral was held from her late home at 10 o'clock this morning. The interment taking place at Woodmere cemetery, Detroit.

# 10 DAYS SPECIAL 10

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## Money Saving Prices.

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The New Fall Styles in Queen Quality Shoes for Women and Walk-Over Shoes for Men are now on sale.

We are now showing new Fall Suits for Men at very Attractive Prices.

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Bermuda Onion Plants 50c to 75c per box  
Asparagus 2 years old \$1.00 per 100.  
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Plant 10c to 25c each.  
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Veals.....	5 50
Hogs.....	5 75
Sheep, wethers.....	4 50 to 5 00
Sheep, ewes.....	3 00 to 4 00
Chickens, spring.....	13
Fowls.....	18 to 25
Butter.....	17
Eggs.....	13
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Phone 60.

# Something of a Poet

By Jack Browning

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"I'm something of a poet myself," Hadley murmured, his eyes following the stream of moonlight through the open window and skyward to its source. "Yes, I am something of a poet—but with a practical bent."

So saying, he turned and followed the luminous stream in its path through the darkness of the room. At the table, polished top aglow in the light, he selected a cigarette, stepped then to the buffet, and poured out a sip of brandy.

Still without a light, he drew a chair to the edge of the streaming moonbeams, and seating himself, smiled into the night, enjoying his moon-fancies. His smoke rings shimmered in the glowing vapor, dissipated lazily, and like winding ribbons of silver, reeled sinuously into the darkness. "Not so much as the flutter of a leaf," he thought, "I can almost hear the flowing stream of moonlight. Silence seems to have drugged the—"

He strained forward and listened. From some indeterminate part of the house came a low tapping, as of breeze-swayed bough on window pane. The sound continued only a moment, however, and Hadley's interest sank to a listless curiosity, and thence to forgetfulness. The moonbeams crept down from the buffet, crept past the table, past Hadley, through the open window, and up, slowly higher and higher, till the upper casement hid the last of them.

A little longer the glow of the cigarette palpitated in the darkness, then flashed, comet-like, through the window; and Hadley, with a satisfied exhalation of the "last puff of smoke," rose and stood a moment, refilling his lungs from the sweet night air.

"What a night!" he thought. In a nearby chamber a door creaked, and quickly, noiselessly, he darted into the folds of a heavy portiere. Peering cautiously from his hiding place, he smiled and exclaimed, silently: "By Jove! A burglar!"

For a thin shaft of light, crossing the doorway leading into the hall, darted left, right, up, down, like a furtive glance, then vanished. The pat, pat of a cat-like tread drew nearer and paused, and Hadley, with excited amusement, could almost feel the finger of light exploring his hiding place. A moment later he saw it on the wall near him, and then it darted through the doorway into the library, followed by the cat-like tread.

Warily the watcher stepped from the curtain, the thick carpet yielding silently to the pressure of his feet. To the library door he advanced, and, scarcely breathing, peered into the room, ready to draw back his head if the flitting light should turn toward his direction.

Curiously he followed the shaft of light, which like a long, slender and incredibly nimble proboscis, guided by a dimly and grotesquely outlined monster, was exploring every nook and cranny of the large room.

On a desk, which filled a corner with its oaken bulk, the light had settled; from top to bottom, from side to side, fingering drawer after drawer, it moved. Apparently interested, the monster behind the light advanced to the table and placed his keen-eyed assistant on the top, and then followed the low ring of metal on metal.

The burglar turned with a snarl, his right hand flying toward a side pocket, but he stiffened suddenly into a rigid, crouching statue at sight of a revolver gleaming in the path of the light—a revolver, a hand, and part of an arm—back of which loomed a dim shadow.

"Sorry, old man!" the taunting voice repeated. The revolver, hand and arm were unwavering—maddeningly so.

"What the h—"  
"Hands in front—up!"

The burglar's hands went up. "Now lower them just enough to take off your coat—Be careful! There, toss it to me. Now turn around—all the way. Good—no projections about the hips. Sit down on that desk stool. And raised your mask a trifle—raise it, I say!—Horror! Lower it—quick!" The taunt in Hadley's voice brought the unflinching burglar to his feet, but the revolver motioned him back.

The captor laughed softly, then placed the coat on the table and began to fumble through the pockets, careful all the time, however, to keep at least one eye on the captive. A revolver came from one side pocket, followed by a bunch of keys. Hadley gave these articles hardly a glance, and sought another pocket.

"Ah, hefe we are!"  
First came a necklace, and in spite of himself, Hadley's eyes were drawn to the string of flashing gems, before which the lantern light became pale and lusterless. Again the scowling spectator sprang to his feet, and again the revolver motioned him back.

"My! Hadley exclaimed—"You are a painstaking burglar to prow! through a desk with a fortune like this in your pocket!" He dropped the fortune into his own pocket, and again prospected the coat.

"A pendant. Tinsel beside the necklace, but a beauty." The pendant followed the fortune.

"A watch. Pretty—Yes, set with diamonds, but a trifle." The trifle blind necklace and pendant.

"Another pendant. Pearls—very pretty. I have a weakness for pearls. And rings, rings, rings! Dear me! What an avaricious scoundrel you must be! If you should get into Tiffany's safe, I suppose you would steal the janitor's coat on the way out."

Finding nothing more of interest in the coat, Hadley moved the burglar to the desk, compelling the burglar to shift his seat into the glare. Carelessly he moved one of the photographs into the light, but at the first glance his indifference became eagerness, and with a low exclamation of admiration, he caught up the card.

"What a face! The rarest jewel of all!"  
The snarl and muttered oaths of the burglar suddenly ceased, and Hadley glanced up suspiciously in time to motion warningly with the revolver. "Don't disturb me!" Again he scanned the face in the photograph, intently following with an artist's eye every delicate line of each beautiful feature.

"Beautiful! What wouldn't I give to see—"  
Hadley was interrupted by a sudden light that flooded the room with blinding brilliancy. Instinctively he glanced at the burglar. That rough-molded creature no longer snarled, he was breathless, and the tense muscles of his powerful body showed through his clothing.

"Bob!—Brother, dear! Is that you?"  
Hadley clutched the photograph and smiled expectantly. "Her voice! A proper voice for such loveliness! I must see her face!" The thought ended in a glow of admiration.

In the hallway stood the girl, as little like the photograph, Hadley thought, as the round moon is like an electric light. She was clad in a loose dressing robe, as if she had just risen from bed, sleep was still in her eyes. But, as Hadley looked, terror flashed into her face, and she took a faltering step backward, her lips parted as if to scream.

"Please do not scream!" Hadley admonished her. "There is no danger." He followed her terrified glance toward the burglar, and just in time.

"Stop!" he commanded. "Down!" as if speaking to a dog. "So! Now, don't move again—on your life!" Then, once more addressing the girl, and smiling reassuringly: "I am an officer. I noticed this villain prowling about the house, and when he entered, I followed, hoping to take him in the act. I have been quite successful, as you see."

To Hadley the relief that flickered across the girl's face was joy enough. "Oh!" her exclamation was almost a sob. "I thought it was my brother!" Her voice faltered, and she leaned against the door casing, weeping softly.

"Please do not be alarmed! You can help me, if you will."  
"Oh, how?" The girl looked up with a timid courage, and sought to dry her tears.

"If there is a telephone handy," Hadley continued, his voice softly encouraging, "you may call another officer. Central will do it for you. Alone I may have trouble with this scoundrel."

"Oh, there is a telephone at the



"You May Call Another Officer."

other end of the hall. Just tell central to have an officer sent to this number. Is that sufficient?"

Hadley smiled and bowed, and the girl, answering in like manner, tripped down the hall on her errand.

"Now!" Hadley whispered to the burglar. "This way—quick!" And before the astonished knave had time to think, he was hustled into the smoking-room and through the window, from which Hadley had watched the moon.

"Wot!" He finally found breath to gasp, as together he and Hadley were making their way over the second back fence. "Ain't you a cop?"

"Cop!" Hadley laughed, and involuntarily felt to reassure himself that the photograph was safe in his pocket. "I— and he laughed again. "I am something of a poet, but— and coning just then to a promising alley, he slipped away, finishing from the darkness: "but with a practical bent!"

## ECONOMY IN THE KITCHEN.

Nutritious and Palatable Dishes from the Left-Overs.

Left-overs can be made into palatable and nutritious dishes. Always wash and save your egg shells for clearing coffee. When you only use the white of an egg make mayonnaise with the yolk, or mix a little water with it so it will keep soft until needed. Often one can economize in using a recipe by taking one less yolk than is called for. This is especially true of muffins. There you can omit a whole egg often when the rule demands two and make up for it by an extra beating of the whole. Desserts are often the worst of all scraps to utilize. Men hate to have bread pudding one night and warmed over the next night. If you do make too much of anything never serve it twice in succession, but have something in between and make the first different from the second. Suppose you have a little rice pudding left over. If it is thick, thin it with a little milk, put in an egg and some flour and pour into small molds such as egg cups and bake in a pan of water until they are set, and that makes a new custard, cornstarch pudding; made soft can be heated, more cornstarch added to set them, with sugar and flavoring; when cooked they can be put into some round tins (like a baking powder tin), when cold they can be sliced in thick pieces. Dip each one in crumbs, beaten egg yolk and crumbs again just as you do croquettes, and when dry fry in deep fat and serve with jam. Bread pudding can be treated in the same way. Let it get cold and stiff, slice and fry it. This may be served with hard sauce. When you make ginger bread put raisins and spice in part and bake by itself. Serve this hot with foamy sauce and you have a fruit pudding. Stale cake can be sliced, and with fruit put on it, can be served with cream or butter; still it can be treated the same as bread pudding, using scraps of several kinds of cake, even doughnuts, baked, and hard sauce used, it is delicious. When you have one egg white left over beat it very light, mix with a level tablespoon of sugar and as much currant or grape jelly and let it get very cold. Put it in glasses and use after a hearty dinner. Call it currant fluff. As to pie crust, always plan to have some crust left. This will keep for days in the ice box. When wanted to make into tarts, fill them with fruit or jam, almost anything will fill them, and if you have a little cream to whip and put it over the top so much the better.

### Violet Custard.

For a lavender luncheon try a custard flavored and tinted with grape juice, making sure that the latter is absolutely unfermented. Heat a quart of milk in a double boiler, add half a cup of sugar. When dissolved, stir in two tablespoons of grape juice and directly after this two tablespoons of rennet extract, which you can buy at any first-class grocery. Turn into a large glass bowl, which has been wet with hot water and is sitting in hot water. This will prevent the cracking of the bowl. As soon as the bowl is cold enough to handle lift out of the water, wipe and set away in ice-box. Serve with whipped cream, in which candied violets, minced nuts and pulverized sugar have been beaten. Or you can turn the rennet into a mold with a tube center, turn it out very gently and fill the hole left by the tube with whipped cream. As rennet is very difficult to handle it is safer to pour it directly into the glass dish from which it is to be served.

### Potato Klose.

Mix with three-fourths pound mashed potatoes one pound bread soaked in milk, a few finely minced chives and one tablespoonful flour. Season with salt and a small quantity grated nutmeg and stir in three well-beaten eggs. Work the mixture until quite smooth, then divide into portions with a tablespoon, making the mark of the spoon on each as finished.

Have ready a saucepan of boiling water, throw in the balls and cook ten minutes. Cut two or three slices of bacon into small pieces and fry crisp and brown. Put the potato balls on a hot dish, garnished with the bacon; pour the bacon fat over them and serve very hot.

### Breakfast Crullers.

One quart flour, two heaping teaspoons baking powder, a little salt. Sift together flour, baking powder and salt. Rub in with the tips of the fingers one level teaspoon butter, and moisten with sweet milk to the consistency of biscuit dough. Roll out and cut in thin strips and twist together. Fry in deep fat until a golden brown. Drain in wire basket or colander. Roll in powdered sugar and serve. This makes a delicious breakfast dish.

### Bacon in Baked Potatoes.

Select large potatoes and see that they stand firmly on end by cutting a small piece off each before baking. When baked soft remove the other end of the potato, scoop out part of the inside. Fill the cavity with chopped boiled bacon, letting it form a small mound. Stand the potatoes up on a dish and place a bit of parsley in the bacon. It can easily be made, and on a warm summer morning will tempt the appetite.

### Corn Oysters.

Three-fourths of a pint of grated corn, yolk of one egg, salt and pepper to taste. Just before frying add beaten white of egg and if the corn is very dry add a little cream or rich milk. Drop in hot fat from a tablespoon—about the size of a large oyster and fry brown.

## TWO LATE MODES



The gown at the left is of black crepe de chine. The half-empire skirt is trimmed lengthwise with tucked bands of taffeta and is finished at the bottom with a wide band of lace re-embroidered with jet paillettes. The corsage and little sleeves are trimmed to correspond, and also with a jet fringe. The tucked gulle and the undersleeves are of white tulle. The other gown is of black chiffon-mousseline. Undulating bands of taffeta and panels of fluted gulleure trim the skirt. The prettily draped corsage is of the fluted gulleure trimmed around the neck with the taffeta bands. The yoke and undersleeves are of white lace; the girdle with pretty knot, is of black taffeta.

### FROCKS FOR THE TUB.

Blue and Brown Galatea Among the Best of Materials.

Among the cheapest of the good-looking tub jumper frocks are those made of blue and brown galatea. The material sells at a very small price everywhere and washes like a collar.

It comes in good tones that do not show soil and comes out of the tub without being faded. Linen makes charming ones, but every woman does not care to afford many linen frocks. The good quality is the only one worth buying, and a frock of it amounts up.

When a girl feels she can afford only one, she should get it in rose pink or Nile green in order that it may be dressy enough for afternoon wear. This is the ideal costume for church this summer, at home or on a vacation.

Cotton duck is another material that is excellent for everyday wear, as a whole season of constant service makes little impression on it. The reason most of these materials were not comfortable before for summer frocks was because of their heat around the neck and arms.

### TWO SMART LITTLE DRESSES.

Both Suitable for Girls from Eight to Ten Years of Age.

The first costume pictured is a smart little dress in blue checked zephyr. The skirt is trimmed with a band of plain blue zephyr, the pinafore-bodice being bound with the same, and the shoulders and fronts connected by straps of zephyr fixed under tiny buttons. A blouse of white muslin printed lightly with blue is worn with it. The second is another pretty wash-



ing-dress of pink zephyr. The skirt has a shaped piece turned up at the foot and attached on the outside.

The bodice has a small yoke of piece lace set into a shaped yoke and platoon of zephyr, the sides being plaited and laid under it. The tight-fitting lower part of sleeve is of piece lace.

Materials required for the first dress 3 1/2 yards zephyr 28 inches wide, 3/4 yard zephyr for trimming, 2 yards muslin for blouse.

The second requires 5 yards zephyr, and 3/4 yard piece lace.

Chiffon on Summer Frocks. No summer frock is complete without its yard or two of superfluous chiffon. It is a sad presenting such alluring possibilities to the feminine mind that it cannot be ignored.

### WAY TO MAKE NEAT HEM.

Accomplishment Few Women Seem to Have at Command.

It is really surprising how few women know how to make a neat hem, although this was considered a necessary accomplishment in the days of our grandmothers. It is used to finish the raw edges of goods and it is most important that it be evenly and neatly turned down; always turn it toward you. To do this, turn down one-quarter of an inch all along the edge and baste it on the crease with even basting stitches.

Take a stiff piece of cardboard and mark on it the exact width of the hem. Place the edge of the creased cardboard at the creased edge of the goods and mark the desired width with a thread, using the short and long basting stitch. Fold the hem on this line of thread and baste to the material along the upper edge with an even basting. In hemming do not use a knot. Hold the hem across the end of the forefinger of the left hand. Point the needle toward you, to the right, and insert it under the edge of the hem close to the right hand. Draw the needle through, leaving an end of the thread to be tucked under the edge.

To begin the hemming stitch, point the needle toward the middle of the left thumb and take up one thread of the cloth and the same of the fold. To have the thread slant in the right direction, see that each time a stitch is taken that the needle points directly across the middle of the left thumb. To have the hem appear well when finished care must be taken to have the distance between each stitch exactly the same.—Exchange.

### A Belting Jumper.

Embroidered linen belting, in white and color, may be bought by the yard, and a very clever little lady has used it to make herself a jumper. A double thickness over each shoulder, from the waist line in the front to the waist line in the back, is the foundation of the garment, while a few strips across the back and front give the whole a very jumper-like appearance.

The four loops at the waist line formed by the shoulder straps are used to slip the belt through, so when it is worn with a white skirt and blouse, the effect is of one of the popular one-piece dresses.

It is just such an arrangement that makes it possible to wear a blouse and skirt without a coat.

### Old Idea Revived.

A pretty way of trimming a muslin and lace frock is by heading the deep insertion of lace on the skirt (the band of dentelle so beloved of Paris) with a beading wide enough to admit a soft satin ribbon, some two or three inches in width, this ribbon being threaded through it at intervals of about a foot, tied into pretty bows, but these are not left on a level with the beading. They are pulled through so that the bow hangs down over the lace, the little ends having a ball of floss silk to finish them off, with a bunch of fringe falling from the center of each ball. These loosely hanging bows look very quaint against the lace background.—Queen.

### Dressy Robes of Marquisette.

The very dressy robes for afternoon or evening wear are now composed of marquisette. This is so very fine that it looks like organdie or mousseline from a distance. It comes in all colors, too, and the colors are very dainty and delicate. Of course the marquisette is flimsy, but everything this season is the same. Drapers declared that goods were to have more body a year or two ago, but heavy goods have not yet made an appearance.

## THE LAND OF GRAIN

—BY—  
JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD

Author of "American Farmers Building a New Nation in the North," "Canada—The Land of Greater Hope," "The Invasion of Canada by American Farmers," "A Thousand Miles on Horseback Across the Dominion Provinces," Etc., Etc.

Not so very many years ago the majority of people in the United States laughed at the prediction that the day was coming when Western Canada would far outstrip this country in the raising of grain—when, in other words, it would become the great bread-basket of the world. During the past three or four years the enormous production of grain in the Dominion West has thinned the ranks of those who doubted the destiny of Canada's vast grain growing regions; the crops of this year will dispel the doubts of the remaining few. From Winnipeg westward to the foothills of Alberta, over a country nearly a thousand miles in width, the grain production this year will be something to almost stagger the belief of those hundreds of thousands of American farmers whose average yield is not more than from ten to fifteen bushels of wheat to the acre, and who are finding that their product is also outclassed in quality by that of their northern neighbors.

The enormous grain crop of this year in the Canadian West may truthfully be said to be the production of "a few pioneers." Only a small percentage of the unnumbered millions of acres of grain land are under cultivation, notwithstanding the fact that tens of thousands of homesteads were taken up last year. And yet, when all the figures are in, it will be found that the settlers of the western prairies have raised this year more than 125,000,000 bushels of wheat, 100,000,000 bushels of oats and 25,000,000 bushels of barley. It has been a "fortunate making year" for thousands of American farmers who two or three years ago owned hardly more than the clothes upon their backs, and whose bumper crops from their homesteads will yield them this season anywhere from \$1,500 to \$2,500 each, more money than many of them have seen at one time in all their lives.

Very recently I passed through the western provinces from Winnipeg to Calgary, and in the words of a fellow passenger, who was astonished by what he saw from the car windows in Manitoba, we were, metaphorically speaking, in a "land of milk and honey." The country was one great sweep of ripening grain. In fact, so enormous was the crop, that at the time there were grave doubts as to the possibility of GETTING ENOUGH BINDER TWINE TO SUPPLY THE DEMAND. A situation like this has never before been known in the agricultural history of any country.

Before I made my first trip through the Dominion west I doubted very much the stories that I had heard of this so-called "grain wonderland" across the border. I believed, as unnumbered thousands of others believed, that the stories were circulated mostly to induce immigration. I quickly found that I was wrong. As one Alberta farmer said to me a few weeks ago, "If the whole truth were told about this country I don't suppose you could find one American in town who would believe it."

This year the prospects of the wheat crop of Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta are an average of over TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS TO THE ACRE, and that this grain is far superior to that raised in the states is proved by our own government statistics, which show that American millers are importing millions of bushels of "Canadian hard" to mix with the home product in order that THIS HOME PRODUCT MAY BE RAISED TO THE REQUIRED STANDARD. It is a peculiar fact that while the Dominion Government is anxious for its western provinces to fill up with the very best of immigrants, there has been no blatant or sensational advertising of those lands. For this reason it is probable that not one American farmer out of fifty knows that Canada wheat now holds the world's record of value—that, in other words, it is the best wheat on earth, and that more of it is grown to the acre than anywhere else in the world.

A brief study of climatic conditions, and those things which go to make a climate, will show that the farther one travels northward from the Montana border the milder the climate becomes—up to a certain point. In other words, the climate at Edmonton, Alberta, is far better than that of thousands of cattle and sheep are dying because of the severity of the winters in Wyoming, Montana and other western states, the cattle, sheep and horses of Alberta GRAZE ON THE RANGES ALL WINTER WITHOUT ABSOLUTELY NO SHELTER. This is all largely because sea-currents and air-currents have to do with the making of the climate of temperate regions. For instance, why is it that California possesses such a beautiful climate, with no winter at all, while the New England states on a parallel with it have practically six months of winter out of twelve?

It is because of that great sweep of warm water known as the "Japan current," and this same current not only affects the westernmost of the Dominion provinces, but added to its influence are what are known as the "chinkook winds"—steady and undeviating air-currents which sweep over the great wheat regions of Western

Canada. There are good scientific reasons why these regions are capable of producing better crops than our own western and central states, but best of all are the proofs of it in actual results. This year, for instance, as high as one hundred bushels of oats to the acre will be gathered in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, and some wheat will go as high as FIFTY-FIVE BUSHELS TO THE ACRE, though of course this is an unusual yield.

Last spring it was widely advertised in American papers that Alberta's winter wheat crop was a failure. In fact, this is Alberta's banner year in grain production, as it is Saskatchewan's and Manitoba's, and from figures already in it is estimated that Alberta's wheat will yield on an average of THIRTY-FIVE BUSHELS TO THE ACRE, in many parts of the province returns will show a yield of as high as FIFTY bushels to the acre and it is freely predicted by many that when the official figures are in a yield of at least forty-five instead of thirty-five bushels to the acre will be shown.

At the time of my last journey through the Canadian West, when my purpose was largely to secure statistical matter for book use, I solicited letters from American settlers in all parts of the three provinces, and most of these make most interesting reading. The letter was written by A. Kattenbrunner, whose postoffice address is Regina, Saskatchewan.

"A few years ago," he says, "I took up a homestead for myself and also one for my son. The half section which we own is between Rouleau and Drinkwater, adjoining the Moosejaw creek, and is a low, level and heavy land. Last year we put in 100 acres of wheat which went 25 bushels to the acre. Every bushel of it was 'No. 1.' That means the best wheat that can be raised on earth—worth 90 cents a bushel at the nearest elevators. We also threshed 9,000 bushels of first class oats out of 160 acres. Eighty acres was fall plowing AND YIELDED NINETY BUSHELS TO THE ACRE. We got 53 cents a bushel clear. All our grain was cut in the last week of the month of August. We will make more money out of our crops this year than last. For myself, I feel compelled to say that Western Canada crops cannot be checked, even by unusual conditions."

An itemized account shows a single year's earnings of this settler and his son to be as follows:

2,500 bushels of wheat at 90 cents	2,250
1 bushel of wheat at 90 cents	90
9,000 bushels of oats at 53 cents	4,770
1 bushel of oats at 53 cents	53
Total	\$7,063

It will be seen by the above that this man's oat crop was worth twice as much as his wheat crop. While the provinces of western Canada will for all time to come be the world's greatest wheat growing regions, oats are running the former grain a close race for supremacy. The soil and climatic conditions in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta are particularly favorable to the production of oats, and this grain, like the wheat, runs a far greater crop to the acre than in even the best grain producing states of the union. Ninety bushels to the acre is not an unusual yield, while homesteads frequently running this average. And this is not the only advantage Western Canada oats have over those of the United States, for in weight they run between forty and fifty pounds to the bushel, while No. 1 wheat goes to sixty-two pounds to the bushel. In fact, so heavy is Canadian grain of all kinds, and especially the wheat, that throughout the west one will see cars with great placards upon them, which read: "This car is not to be filled to capacity with Alberta wheat."

When I made my first trip through the Canadian West a few years ago I found those kinds of settlers living in rude shacks, tent shelters and homes of logs and clay. Today one will find these old "homes" scattered from Manitoba to the Rockies, but they are no longer used by human tenants. Modern homes have taken their place—for it has come to be a common saying in these great grain regions that "The first year a settler is in the land he earns a living; the second he has money enough to build himself a modern home and barn; the third he is independent." And as extreme as this statement may seem to those hundreds of thousands of American farmers who strive for a meager existence, it is absolutely true. I am an American, as patriotic, I believe, as most of our people—but even at that I cannot but wish that these people, whose lives are such an endless and unhappy grind, might know of the new life that is awaiting them in this last great west—this "land of greater hope," where the farmer is king, and where the wealth all rests in his hands. As one American farmer said to me, "It is hard to pull up stakes and move a couple of thousand miles." And so it is—or at least it appears to be. But in a month it can be done. And the first year, when the new settler reaps a greater harvest than he has ever possessed before, he will rise with 200,000 others of his people in Western Canada and thank the government that has given him, free of cost, a new life, a new home, and new hopes—which has made of him, in fact, "A man among men, a possessor of wealth among his people."

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There are good scientists in these regions are capable of better crops than our central states, but the proofs of it in actual fact are not in evidence. This year, for instance, one hundred bushels of skatchewan, and Alberta, will go as high as 100 bushels to the acre. These results are an unusual success.

It was widely advertised in papers that Alberta's wheat was a failure. In fact, a banner year in grain is being made in Saskatchewan, and figures estimated that Alberta's yield on an average of 100 bushels to the acre. The province returns as high as FIFTY bushels to the acre and it is freely made when the wheat is in a yield of "least one of thirty-five bushels will be shown."

Of my last journey to the west, when my largely to secure statistics for book use, I collected American settlers in all three provinces, and most of the most interesting reading was written by A. K. K. whose postoffice address is Skatchewan.

A Boston bulldog owned by George H. Clapp was so determined to capture a woodchuck which he had chased into his den that he followed it after and in the hole all night.

When the dog had got his jaws about the enemy he found that he could not get out owing to the small size of the animal's hole.

Rather than lose his prey the dog crept his head on the woodchuck over night, and was helped out by his master in the morning. The dog was nearly exhausted, and revived after feeding and drinking in a curious manner.

He consumed about two quarts of sugared ice cream, which had been set aside for a party, and capped the climax by falling into a bucket of lemonade.—Worcester (Mass.) Telegram.

**KURED HER CHILDREN.**

Girls Suffered with Itching Eczema—Baby Had a Tender Skin, Too—Relied on Cuticura Remedies.

"Some years ago my three little girls had a very bad form of eczema. Itching eruptions formed on the backs of their heads which were simply covered. I tried almost everything, but failed. Then my mother recommended the Cuticura Remedies. I washed my children's heads with Cuticura Soap and then applied the wonderful ointment, Cuticura. I did this four or five times and I can say that they have been entirely cured. I have another baby who is so plump that the folds of skin on his neck were broken and even bled. I used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and the next morning the trouble had disappeared. Mme. Napoleon Duquette, 41 Duluth St., Montreal, Que., May 21, 1907."

**ABSENT-MINDED.**

Old Girl—Here, you boy, what are you doing out here, fishing? Don't you know you ought to be at school? Small Boy—There now! I knew I'd forgotten something.

**Important to Mothers.**

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.* in Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

**Instruments of Torture.**

"You don't seem to be keeping up very well this summer," said Father's Cry to Mother's slipper.

"True," acknowledged the handy stamper, regretfully, "I've been falling awfully lately."

**Divine Papa.**

"I must be more careful, mustn't I? I mean to wound his heart when you or I say 'No'!"

"I say?"

"I forgot that when you or I say 'No' it means 'Yes'."

### What is Pe-ru-na.

Are we claiming too much for Peru-na when we claim it to be an effective remedy for chronic catarrh? We have abundant proof that Peru-na is in reality such a catarrh remedy! Let us see what the United States Dispensary says of the principal ingredients of Peru-na.

Take, for instance, the ingredient hydrastis canadensis, or golden seal. The United States Dispensary says of this herb, that it is largely employed in the treatment of depraved mucous membranes lining various organs of the human body.

Another ingredient of Peru-na, corydalis formosa, is classified in the United States Dispensary as a tonic.

Cedron seeds is another ingredient of Peru-na. The United States Dispensary says of the action of cedron that it is used as a bitter tonic and in the treatment of dysentery, and in intermittent diseases as a substitute for quinine.

Send to us for a free book of testimonials of what the people think of Peru-na as a catarrh remedy. The best evidence is the testimony of those who have tried it.

## SERIAL STORY

### The Real Agatha



By Edith Huntington Mason. Pictures by Will Walters Frey, Campbell, Alehouse, Wilson.

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#### SYNOPSIS.

Lord Wilfred Vincent and Archibald Terhune are introduced at the opening of the story. In England, the latter relating their tale. The plot on an outing miss their train and seeking recreation visit "The Honorable Agatha Wyckhoff." Her hand is much sought after, because of her wealth. On visiting the Wyckhoff castle they are introduced to two other girls, both known as Agatha Wyckhoff. At dinner three other Agatha Wyckhoffs are introduced and the plot revealed. The deceased step-father, in an eccentric moment, made his will so that the real Agatha, heiress to his fortune and the castle at Wye, England, might wed her affinity. Thus Mrs. Armistead, chaperon, was in duty bound to keep the real Agatha's identity unknown and suitors were invited to repute for the hand of the heiress. An attempt by Terhune to gather a clue from the chaperon fails. Vincent shows liking for the chaperon's secretary, Miss Marsh. Terhune finds old books containing picture of a former Baroness Wyckhoff, which is exactly like Agatha Sixth, whom he is courting. Vincent entertains them all and while riding with Agatha Fifth she confesses her love for him and also that she is the real heiress. He spurs her proposal.

#### CHAPTER IV.

For some days after that I was in a quandary. Here, in the face of my discovery in the library, was Vincent's positive information that Agatha Fifth was the heiress. Reluctantly I determined that the likeness between Agatha Sixth and the picture of the baroness was accidental, and began to devote myself to the unfortunate Agatha Fifth. She seemed much inclined to discourage me, but I persevered and we soon became good friends. I found she was only 18, and drew my own conclusions from this fact. At 18 one's convictions are never very deep-rooted, neither are one's love affairs, and I thought it likely that the girl would soon forget her ill-prospered attachment for Vincent's handsome face, and might begin to think of someone else. Surely this was a very natural belief! So the first two weeks of our stay at the castle sped by and I saw to my satisfaction that I was gaining ground with the Honorable Agatha every day, while poor Vincent wasted his time flirting with each Agatha in turn (he had taken up Agatha Sixth since my desertion) or in assisting Miss Marsh to write up a lot of old deed books who were much better left to a decent and dignified obscurity.

One day, toward the close of the two weeks, I met Vincent hurrying through the hall toward the stairs. He had on an old velvet coat covered with paint daubs, his luncheon basket was over his shoulder, and I guessed that he was going on one of his sketching tours in search of fresh woods and pastures new.

"Where are you going, Wilfred?" I asked, as he stopped, "and where's Agatha Second?" She usually accompanied him on his sketching expeditions.

"Painting," he replied, concisely, ignoring my second question; "and where may you be going?"

"For a walk with Agatha Fifth," I answered, smiling at him—a little pityingly, perhaps. He had lost such a chance!

Vincent chuckled and his eyes looked wicked. "Wish you luck, Arch," he said. "I've been watching your charitable efforts to cut me out, and be a father to my little friend, Agatha Fifth, with great admiration—but I forgot to tell you"—he lowered his voice, for we could see Agatha Second on the veranda talking to Agatha Fifth—"I forgot to tell you that what Agatha Fifth told me isn't true!"

"Isn't true?" I repeated in consternation.

"No," she confessed to me about a week ago that she only said she was the real Honorable Agatha to make me marry her. She thought, the foolish little girl, that she only had to tell me she was the heiress to make me love her. And she said she was sorry and wouldn't do it again and cried like a child, and I forgave her and comforted her. She'll get over it all right!" and laughing hilariously the young rascal ran upstairs.

I was really vexed with Wilfred because this. I thought it was very unkind of him to keep me in the dark for so long about Agatha Fifth's confession. What a lot of time I'd been wasting! I resolved that I would return to Agatha Sixth at the first opportunity, and I felt glad, even justified, that I had not told him about that album which had betrayed the secret to me. At this moment Agatha Second appeared in the doorway.

"Hullo, Mr. Terhune," she said, "where's Lord, Wilfred?"

"He went upstairs," I said; "I don't know for what." I could hear him in the distance singing at the top of his lusty young voice.

"Gentlemen rankers all are we—till an ear-splitting shout from Agatha Second drowned the song completely.

"O-h-h-h, Freddy," shrieked the young lady, with a lung power that equaled Vincent's.

I shivered with indignation at the liberty. "Freddy!" indeed!

At the third shout he heard her and stopped singing to read the air with an answering cry.

"For goodness' sake, what are you so long about?" she called. "Do hurry up!"

"Coming!" roared Vincent, clattering down two flights of stairs like a wild horse, and I hurried over to join Agatha Fifth, my hands over my ears. Young people are so noisy nowadays.

Several evenings later Agatha Fourth had arranged to give a progressive dinner party. She was to be the hostess and the rest of us were her guests. It was an evening dress affair, and I must say as we sat down to dinner I never saw a prettier group of girls.

Then the fun began. Agatha Fourth's idea in having a progressive dinner party was for each of the girls to move up one place with each course so that they could all have turns sitting by us. It was delightful, really. I don't know that I ever attended a jollier dinner party. Vincent kept quipping from the Mad Tea Party in "Alice in Wonderland," and the girls laughed at every single thing he said. Mrs. Armistead, I am ashamed to say, she had dined in her room. I am not naturally noisy or riotous, but the laughter and jokes of those six girls were so infectious that I was obliged to join in with them. Vincent sat at one end of the table and I at the other, with three girls on each side of us. The secretary, of course, was not present.

Agatha Fourth had decorated the table with some of the yellow roses and wild fern that grew near the castle. Agatha Sixth and I had found them many times in our wanderings and by the way, she was looking especially lovely that evening. The girls



AGATHA SIXTH.

all wore shimmering white gowns, similar in design with silver ornaments, but Agatha Sixth's gown was cream-colored with ornaments of gold, and well did it become her dark beauty.

We had reached the very end of the dinner, and had just made the last change of places, which left me with my favorite Agatha Sixth on my right and Agatha Third on my left.

Suddenly, as the talk died down and a certain contented silence fell upon us, Vincent rose to his feet, and bowing to us formally, began to speak:

"Ladies and gentlemen," he said, making the last word pointedly significant, while the girls all laughed, "I think you are all with me when I propose a vote of thanks to—to—er—our hostess"—(I felt that he had nearly said "Agatha Fourth")—"our hostess, for giving us so delightful an entertainment." He bowed to Agatha Fourth and went on:

"If all progressive tea parties are termed mad I hope I may attend many such. But as I look around me, gentlemen and ladies fair, across the glow of the candle that turns the roses to redder gold, and as I gaze upon the youth and beauty here assembled, the like of which I have never before looked upon"—he made a courtly inclination of his head that included every maid at the table, and they all sighed—I heard them—"as I look upon this noble room, this exquisite table, and think of the graciousness of such hospitality, I am inspired to propose a toast in which I feel confident you will all join me." At this climax Vincent raised his glass above his head. "To the real Agatha!" he cried—"to the real Honorable Agatha!"

There was an instant of dead silence, and then to my surprise my left-hand neighbor, Agatha Third, rose to her feet, and with quivering lips, started to say something. But she had hardly time to rise before the other five girls sprang to their feet, and raising their glasses, Agatha Third with the rest, they cried with one voice: "To the Honorable Agatha!" and although it seemed to me that Agatha Third had very nearly let the cat out of the bag by rising, as if to acknowledge the courtesy, yet by the promptness of the other girls the day was partially retrieved, and Vincent and I were still somewhat at a loss as to the identity of our fair and wealthy hostess.

I asked Vincent afterward what he made of Agatha Third's behavior.

"It looked to me," said that young person, "as if those girls had themselves so much in command that they would never betray the secret they're guarding, no matter what you did."

"But didn't you see Agatha Third get up before the others did?" I said, excitedly. "She gave herself away. I tell you, Wilfred, she's the real honorable, without a doubt. There can be no two ways about it!"

"How keen you are!" he said; "and I tell you what it is, Archbald"—Vincent always calls me "Archbald" with the "r" left out and the emphasis on "bald" when he's particularly affectionate or sleepy; he was the latter just now—"I'm just as keen about marrying this heiress as you are; the only difference is that I insist upon being in love with her into the bargain, and you don't. For I'm hard up, fearfully hard up, you know, and the governor's so awfully good, I hate to ask him for another month's allowance just now. I'm 'way behind as it is, and I owe Jack Gordon for that prize polo pony of his. I offered him £100 for her the day of the Hurlingham games and he sold her to me on the spot. Jack's as hard up as I am—poor fellow. And then, you know, it's all perfectly fair. If we only had the time, that's all, it's pretty quick work to expect a man to find out the heiress, learn to love her and teach her to love him, all in six weeks, and propose on the last day of—"

"But that's just it," I interrupted, "you're not expected to find out the heiress first. That's just what old Fletcher Boyd wanted to prevent when he made the will."

"Nevertheless, you yourself mean to find out first, don't you, Arch?" was Vincent's facetious response.

I was disgusted and made no answer.

"Of course," he went on, "I wouldn't propose to any girl I didn't love, but I'd like the chance to learn to love this particular lady, the Honorable Agatha. I feel that there would be no trouble about her learning to love me!"

Vincent has few really serious faults, but I don't attempt to deny that he is conceited.

"The trouble is," he said, "they're all so attractive I could love one as well as another. I wish, though, I could just naturally fall in love with one of them, and I'd propose to her on the last day and take my chances. Who knows? I'm sometimes lucky. I might win the prize!"

"So you might," I said, "but as it is, we haven't even discovered the heiress as yet—"

"And I can't fall in love with any of 'em," finished Vincent, "because I'm madly in love with the whole six, and there you are!" and he shook his head hopelessly. "Come, let's to bed," he added.

"Not just yet, Freddy," I said, "I never call him that, as I have before stated, but his hair was all ruffled up and his face flushed and I felt warm toward him because he was so dense. 'Surely with a rival as unobnoxious as he is,' I thought, 'I am not heavily handicapped.' For I had made up my mind that Agatha Third was indeed the real and only Agatha. That involuntary rising of hers was proof positive."

"I say, Vincent," I called after him, "was that a master stroke of yours, giving the toast that way? Did you intend to try to surprise one of them into betraying herself?"

Vincent laughed sleepily.

"Good old Archbald," he drawled, "you're always looking for master strokes, but 'pon my honor I never thought of such a thing." And I might have known that he wouldn't.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

#### HOTEL MAN HAD A CONSCIENCE.

Whoever says that hotel men are without conscience will have an adversary in a young advertising man. He was at one place up in the mountains the other week and determined to stay all night. Before dinner he complained of a slight headache to the proprietor, but the remark was passed apparently without notice. He ate a big meal, but did not enjoy it much because of his headache.

Next day he moved on to his next stop, and upon his return to the city was surprised to find a letter from the proprietor of the house where he had spent the night. It said: "Through an act of carelessness on my part I allowed you to eat the regular dinner of the other night—a dinner not suited for a man with a headache. Now I should have prepared some eggs and toast and tea for you, but I allowed you to eat something you did not enjoy. It is, therefore, my duty to apologize, and to make restitution for the same." In the envelope containing the letter was a quarter.

#### Let the Whistle Blow.

Did you know that a short whistle from the mouth would stop a rabbit? It surely does. Next time you see little molly cottontail leap from her burrow and make off, don't shoot; just whistle. Whether from fear or curiosity I cannot tell, but she will stop still in her tracks. An antelope has been known to do likewise. An African hunter once said that the elephant is the most timid of all animals, and can be frightened into a cold sweat by a mysterious noise.

#### Bread Crumb Omelet.

Beat two eggs very light, add one cup of milk, pepper and salt to season, three sprigs of parsley minced fine, one slice of onion minced fine, two cups of fine bread crumbs, and one-quarter cup of butter softened. Beat all well together, pour into a buttered dish and bake in a slow oven until browned. Rightly. Turn onto a hot plate or serve in the same dish.

#### Shocking.

"Where have you been, Clementine?" asked the aunt.

"I have been down to the falls playing with the eddies," replied the pretty girl with wet fingers. The old lady was horrified.

"What? Playing with the Eddies? And without a chaperon?"

### SALADS IN SUMMER

#### NATURE'S PROVISION FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

Economical as Well as Healthful, Since They Are a Means of Utilizing the Scraps and Left-Overs.

Dame Nature is really a wonderful manager, if only we perverse mortals would be less self-willed and follow her suggestions more intelligently. She makes us instinctively long for cool, light foods and juicy fruits and vegetables when the weather is hot and humid and as strongly to dislike the thick soups, steaming meats and rich puddings that in winter gave us so much satisfaction.

There are not many prettier or pleasanter dishes in warm weather than salads, whether served in a salad bowl or in individual portions. For the benefit of the thrifty housewife it may be added that few things are more economical, as they utilize daintily all sorts of scraps, that in hot weather especially sour quickly, and are thus wasted. As a matter of fact, there is scarcely anything in the way of left-overs that cannot, by the exercise of a little ingenuity, be turned into an appetizing salad.

There is one thing that must be good if our salad is to be appreciated. I mean the oil. Many people think that as long as it bears the words "salad oil" anything will do, with the natural result that they often purchase inferior kinds more or less rancid.

It is best, I find, to purchase luca oil in medium-sized bottles and keep it in a cool place.

The following are one or two recipes and hints on the preparation of salad sauces which are usually called salad dressings. The simplest salad is, of course, lettuce with vinegar, oil and seasoning according to taste. To the lettuce may be added chives or any other herb.

A good recipe for salad dressing consists of six tablespoonsful of luca olive oil, eight tablespoonsful of vinegar, two tablespoonsful of tarragon vinegar and a very little cayenne pepper. Another dressing consists of the yolks of three raw eggs beaten up with one tablespoonful of mustard and one tablespoonful of salt. To this mixture add three tablespoonsful of luca olive oil and one tablespoonful of vinegar.

A "sauce piquante" can be made in many forms. Take, for example, one heaping tablespoonful of sugar, add one tablespoonful of mustard, mix them together with a little olive oil, add one tablespoonful of catsup, two tablespoonsful of Worcestershire sauce and one tablespoonful of tarragon vinegar. The question of sauces is largely open to individual ingenuity, and, perhaps, repeated practice effort again result in the triumphant effort of the French cook, who, of one of his productions, declared "with that sauce anyone might eat his own grand mother."

#### Helps in the Sewing Room.

One of the nicest darning balls you could use is an electric light bulb which has had the sharp point knocked off. It is light in color and one can see the work more easily, and it is light in weight.

Remember the truth of the old saying, "a stitch in time saves nine," and mend any worn places or torn parts in all garments before sending them to the laundry, and the time added to the life of the garments will more than repay you. What is only a small hole in a garment before it is sent to the laundry oftentimes will be a fair-sized rent when it returns.

#### Spiced Blackberries.

These are delicious when served with meat. Put seven pounds black berries in the preserving kettle with three pounds sugar and a pint of elder vinegar. Tie in a cheesecloth bag two teaspoonfuls each cloves, cinnamon, allspice and a teaspoonful nutmeg. Put the spices in with the fruit, sugar and vinegar and let stand two or three hours. Place the kettle over the fire, bring slowly to a boil and cook about ten minutes. Take out the berries with a skimmer and spread on a platter while the juice is cooked down to about half the original quantity. Pack the berries in stone or glass jars, pour the syrup over them and seal.

#### To Remove Mildew.

One teaspoonful of chloride of lime, one teaspoonful of washing soda; put into two quarts of cold water and let boil four hours. Skim off the skum and add two pailfuls of cold water. Let stand over night, with the article well covered. If this is not long enough put the article back again and soak until the mildew entirely disappears. Then rinse well or wash as usual. Be sure and take off the scum, for that is what burns the material in so many of the recipes given.—Harper's Bazar.

### WHAT THE TRADE MARK MEANS TO THE BUYER

Few people realize the importance of the words "Trade Mark" stamped on the goods they buy. If they did it would save them many a dollar spent for worthless goods and put a lot of unscrupulous manufacturers out of the business.

When a manufacturer adopts a trade mark he assumes the entire responsibility for the merit of his product. He takes his business reputation in his hands—out in the limelight—"on the square" with the buyer of his goods, with the dealer, and with himself.

The other manufacturer—the one who holds out "inducements," offering to brand all goods purchased with each local dealer's brand—sidesteps responsibility, and when these inferior goods "come back" it's the local dealer that must pay the penalty.

A good example of the kind of protection afforded the public by a trade mark is that offered in connection with National Lead Company's advertising of pure White Lead as the best paint material.

That the Dutch Boy Painter trade mark is an absolute guaranty of purity in White Lead is proved to the most skeptical by the offer National Lead Company make to send free to any address a blow-pipe and instructions how to test the white lead for themselves. The testing outfit is being sent out from the New York office of the company, Woodbridge Building.

#### FULLY FILLED THE BILL.

##### Aunt Mandy Was Thoroughly Satisfied with New Husband.

Aunt Mandy is an old colored woman who for years has done washing for several families. She has had several matrimonial experiences, and when her last husband died one of her customers attempted to console her.

"I was very sorry to hear of your husband's death, Aunt Mandy," she said.

"Ya-as, ma'am," said Aunt Mandy. "He was a powerful good man."

"What did he die of?"

"Ah really don't know, ma'am."

"You really don't know? Gracious! Couldn't the doctor tell you?"

"Ah didn't have no doctah, ma'am," said Aunt Mandy. "He jes done died a natch'al death."

It wasn't long, however, before Aunt Mandy had another husband.

"I hear you are married again," remarked her patron one day.

"Ya-as, ma'am," giggled Aunt Mandy. "I was done married las' Sunday."

"And is your new husband equal to the last?"

"Ya-as, indeed, ma'am," said Aunt Mandy. "He's jes as equal, if not equaler."

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, I, FRANK J. CHENEY, make oath that he is sole partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every use of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1906.

A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

#### Special Test of Timber.

An example of the progress of the science of forestry in this country is furnished by the co-operation just arranged between the University of Idaho and the United States forest service for testing the timber growing in the State of Idaho. The tests will be specially directed to determine the fitness of these timbers for use as bridge stringers, railroad ties and paving blocks.

#### Progress Reported.

"Did you have any luck fishing?"

"Yes."

"How many did you catch?"

"I didn't catch any. But I thought up some mighty good stories to tell the folks at home."

#### Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

#### Pride and prejudice make an unsatisfactory pair to draw to.

### Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies, when required, are to assist nature and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally. To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS one size only, regular price 50¢ per bottle.

On the Doctors.

Mrs. Mary G. Baker Eddy, who, of course, has no faith in medicine, told a Western Christian Scientist, at one of her latest audiences, an anecdote about a friend of hers.

This friend, a thin and nervous woman, could not sleep. She visited her physician and the man said: "Do you eat anything just before going to bed?"

"Oh, no, doctor," the patient replied.

"Well," said the physician, "just keep a pitcher of milk and some biscuits beside you, and every night, the last thing you do, make a light meal."

"But doctor," cried the lady, "you told me on no account to eat anything before retiring."

"Pooh, pooh," said the doctor, "that was three months ago. Science has made enormous strides since then."



#### This woman says that sick women should not fail to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she did.

Mrs. A. Gregory, of 2355 Lawrence St., Denver, Col., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was practically an invalid for six years, on account of female troubles. I underwent an operation by the doctor's advice, but in a few months I was worse than before. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to perfect health, such as I have not enjoyed in many years. Any woman suffering as I did with backache, bearing-down pains, and periodic pains, should not fail to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

#### FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

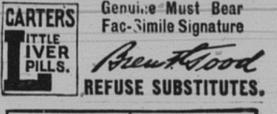
Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

### SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartily Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nervousness, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, Headache, Dizziness or Nervous Prostration. Why don't you try it?

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



#### CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

### TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED GARMENTS

are cut on large patterns, designed to give the wearer the utmost comfort.

LIGHT-DURABLE-CLEAN GUARANTEED WATERPROOF

SUITS \$3.00 SLACKERS \$2.00

BE SURE THE GARMENT YOU WEAR BEARS THE "FISH BRAND" SIGN OF THE TOWER.

A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON U.S.A.

### Out They Go

To Eastern Colorado. We have the best and most crop of good, cheap prairie lands suitable for raising all kinds of crops in abundance. Write or call on us if you want a good farm or an investment that will make you some money. HOWE-BEIDE INVESTMENT COMPANY 15 North 4th Street 1029 12th Street Minneapolis, Minn. or Denver, Colorado

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE

PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES

SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES ETC. DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 50¢.

HAIR BALSAM

Prevents the hair from falling out. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores the hair to its natural color. Cures itching scalp. 25c and 50c per bottle.

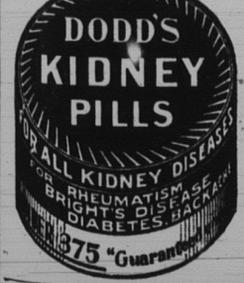
LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES

In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by A. A. KELLOGG & COMPANY, 17 W. Adams, Chicago

Facilitated with Thompson's Eye Water

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 36, 1908.

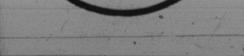


**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, DIABETES, BACKACHE

"Guaranteed"



D. R. J. T. WOODS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in the Staffan-Merkel block. Residence on Congdon street. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN. Telephone 114.

S. G. BUSH, B. F. CHASE. BUSH & CHASE, PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Offices in the Freeman-Cummings block. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

H. W. SCHMIDT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office hours 10 to 12 forenoon; 2 to 4 afternoon; 7 to 9 evening. Night and Day calls answered promptly. Chelsea Telephone No. 30. 2 rings for office, 3 rings for residence. CHELSEA, MICH.

A. G. WALL, DENTIST. Office over the Freeman & Cummings Co. drug store, Chelsea, Mich. Phone No. 2227.

A. L. STEGER, DENTIST. Office—Kempf Bank Block. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN. Phone—Office, 82, 2r; Residence, 82, 3r.

JAMES S. GORMAN, LAW OFFICE. East Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. B. B. Turnbull, H. D. Witherell. CHELSEA, MICH.

STIVERS & KALMBACH, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. General Law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Phone 63. Office in Kempf Bank Block. CHELSEA, MICH.

S. A. MAPES, FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER. FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea Telephone No. 6. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PARKER & BECKWITH, Real Estate Dealers. Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block.

F. D. MERITHEW, LICENSED AUCTIONEER. Bell Phone 62, Manchester, Mich. Dates made at this office.

E. W. DANIELS, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard-Herald office, or address Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and in cup furnished free.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M. Regular meetings for 1908 are as follows: Jan. 14, Feb. 11, Mar. 17, Apr. 11, May 12, June 9, July 7, Aug. 14, Sept. 8, Oct. 6, Nov. 3; annual meeting and election of officers, Dec. 1. St. John's Day, June 24—Dec. 27. Visiting Brothers welcome. G. E. Jackson, W. M. C. W. Maroney, Sec.

Price 25 Cents. TRAVELERS' RAILWAY GUIDE. 315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Subscribe for The Chelsea Standard and get all the news.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. TRADE MARKS DESIGNS. Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a volume (12 months), \$1.50 per copy. MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 625 P St., Washington, D. C.

Detroit Headquarters for MICHIGAN PEOPLE. GRISWOLD HOUSE. A Society modern and up-to-date hotel, in the very heart of the retail shopping district of Detroit, corner Griswold and Grand River Aves., only one block from Woodward Ave., Thiel and Fourteenth cars pass by the hotel. You visit Detroit stop at the Griswold House. POSTAL & MORSEY, Prop.

BREVITIES

The Dexter public schools will open Tuesday, September 8. Northville is to have a home coming celebration September 24 and 25.

The members of Bethel church, Freedom, are talking of remodeling their church. The Howell public schools commenced their work for the coming year Monday of this week.

A. A. Wood & Sons of Saline are making an exhibit of sheep at the state fair in Columbus, Ohio. There was a large attendance at the Tri-County Farmers' picnic held at Whitmore Lake last Saturday.

The manager of the Pinckney Electric Light Plant expects to turn on the "juice" in about two weeks. Stockbridge will have a Labor Day celebration Monday, September 7th. A program has been arranged for the day.

The Howell Bros. of Waterloo have purchased another traction engine and now have two threshing outfits in operation. The bridge on the Dexter road was opened for travel last Saturday. It is a steel structure placed on piers built of cement blocks.—Pinckney Dispatch.

The convention of the Washtenaw County Sunday School Association will be held at Ypsilanti, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 27 and 28. The Crittenden family trace direct ancestry to 1639 in this country. The Sexton family gives them a little better, tracing to 1634.—Howell Tidings.

The Lenawee County Fair Society is having a forty-eight foot extension built on the society grounds. The date for the fair this year is from September 21 to 26. The sixty-eight annual session of the Wayne Baptist Association was held in the Baptist church at Howell, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week.

The Eleventh Michigan Infantry held its annual reunion in Hillsdale on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week. The reunion will be held at Sturgis, August 24 and 25 next year. The water works plant in Milan is fast nearing completion. The engines have been placed in position and the power house is built of paving brick and presents a very neat appearance.

The prevalence of tent caterpillars in the trees about the city is alarming. Such nests should be cut or burned out. Neglect last year has made the worms a menace to all trees this summer.—Ypsilantian.

The annual Labor Day picnic under the auspices of St. Joseph's parish, of Dexter, will be held in Birkett's grove, Monday, September 7th. A dinner will be served by the ladies of the church and a program of sports has been arranged for the day.

Rev. John Kaarer, pastor of the Scio Lutheran church, has resigned on account of ill health and will do home missionary work in the northern part of the state in the hope of regaining his health. He has been pastor of the Scio church for a long time. The business men of Brighton have petitioned the Pere Marquette Railway Co. asking that the two afternoon trains stop at that place. Brighton merchants are surely entitled to as good service as any other village along the line. Every pound of freight shipped in or out of the village is hauled over the Pere Marquette and it does seem in all fairness there should be no hesitancy in the least in granting the petition.—Howell Democrat.

The cellar for the new addition to the Normal training school has already been dug and the brick work will soon begin. In the main building of the Normal College the new ventilating system is being installed, six shafts having been cut in the walls of the main corridor. The ceilings of the rooms in the west wing are being replaced with steel ceilings, a window is being put in the north side of the tower, and other repairs are under way.—Ypsilantian.

Friday, September 4th will be a day of sports at Grass Lake. John Cushing of Webster has sold his 40 acre farm to Simon Gast. Consideration \$1,100.

Frank Bates of Gregory has threshed over 1000 bushels of grain raised on his farm this year. The 28th annual fair of the Milford Fair Association will be held September 29-30 and October 1-2. The annual reunion of the Ingham County Soldiers' and Sailors' Association will be held in Mason September 22 and 23.

The large barn of Walter Stockdale, Ypsilanti township, burned to the ground Thursday with the season's crop of hay and grain. It is thought children playing with matches set it on fire; loss, \$3,000.

At the annual meeting of the Astronomical and Astrophysical Society of America held at Put-in-Bay, Prof. W. J. Hussey, of the University of Michigan, was elected secretary.

Mrs. Katherine Cramer, widow of Densmore Cramer, is dead at her home in this city after a long illness, at the age of 72 years. Mrs. Cramer was one of the oldest residents, having lived in Ann Arbor for 45 years.

George Jewell, of Webster, died at his home in that township, Wednesday of last week. The funeral was held from his late home Friday forenoon. Rev. Woodlock, pastor of the Dexter Congregational church, officiating.

The barns of Wm. Richmond of Clinton, which were burned to the ground Saturday noon, were insured. A thousand dollars was allowed on the machinery and farm tools, and \$2,500 on the barns and contents. Mr. Richmond, however, estimates his loss at far more, saying that \$5,000 more would not replace his buildings.

From Protestant pulpit to sewer trench, and all because of a weak throat, is the sad story of a meteoric misfortune of Rev. G. B. Clark, who moved to Adrian with his large family two years ago and who has since been performing all sorts of the hardest kind of manual labor about that city.

Mrs. Robert L. Warren, wife of one of the editors of the Ann Arbor News, died suddenly Monday evening of pulmonary apoplexy, aged 65 years. Mrs. Warren was on the porch of her residence when she was stricken and died before she could be removed. Two years ago Mrs. Warren suffered a sunstroke, from the effects of which she never fully recovered. Besides her husband and a sister there are two children, Mrs. Charles E. Ware, of Evanston, Ill., and Charles B. Warren, a prominent attorney of Detroit.

The following extracts are taken from the address of L. L. Harsh delivered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Otto D. Luick, of Lima, at the 22nd annual meeting of the Improved Black Top Delaine Merino Sheepbreeders' Association, held Wednesday, August 19th: I have been requested to address you on the diseases of sheep. I thank you for the honor you have conferred upon me by choosing me for the sixteenth time as your president. This association has had but two presidents since its organization twenty-two years ago. But I assure you, ladies and gentlemen, that at your next annual meeting, I shall positively decline to farther fill this office, and it will be far better to have a younger person at the head of the society, as we older members will be with you but a few years longer. Again I thank you.

I will briefly mention the three most prominent diseases the sheepbreeder has to contend with. As you are all fine wool breeders, your sheep are not so much affected as the coarse wools. The Lincoln are the most affected with the stomach and lung worms. The fine wool breeds are the least affected with the stomach worm, and the Black Tops the least of all the breeds. The lambs are the ones most susceptible to the disease of the stomach worm.

The Hampshire and Oxford cross which I examined at Wasopi, and have shown to many of you, is perhaps the worst case I have ever dissected. These lambs commenced to die after they were six weeks old, and the one I examined did not have a particle of food in its stomach. How do they get these worms? The parasite, in the shape of eggs, is deposited on the ground, with the first nip of grass in the spring, and some times from the udder of the ewes, the young lamb takes these eggs into their stomach where they are hatched. The worm has

a sucker shaped mouth and clings to the walls of the stomach for a given time when they are released and pass away from the diseased animal. One of these stomach worms when fully developed contain from 100 to 200 eggs which are deposited on the young blades of grass and are again taken into the stomach as the young lambs eats the forage. There are remedies which will relieve this disease of the stomach worms. The nodular disease is contracted in a similar manner to the stomach worm disease. The eggs are taken into the intestines where they hatch out and produce the same results that the stomach worm does. There is no known remedy for this disease, and when the young lamb or old sheep, is afflicted with this disease they invariably die.

The lung worm hatches in the stomach, but is always found in the air passages of the lungs, and is usually from three to three and one-half inches long. One of these worms will produce from 200 to 300 eggs and when the young lamb takes a bite of grass it is liable to place into the stomach from 50 to 100 eggs. The remedy for this trouble is simple and consists of turpentine and sweet milk. One teaspoonful of turpentine to two ounces of sweet milk, given on an empty stomach, four or five mornings and in the afternoon of each day. Give a level teaspoonful of a tonic producer, composed of equal parts of sulphate of iron, gentian and ginger. This is a dose for a full grown sheep. Give to lambs accordingly.

The symptoms of the brain worm, or what is more commonly known as grub in the head. Sheep with this disease stagger, go sideways and fall down. The worm forms a sack on the brain. It does not kill the animal, but the sheep with this disease, staggers around until it starves to death. All of these diseases are developed after the lamb is taken from its mother's milk and it begins to subsist on the grass. The germs for these specific troubles are taken into the stomach with almost every spear of grass that the sheep eats and is again deposited on the ground in the shape of eggs by the animals.

The origin.—Nearly all of the disease germs have been imported. They were brought here a few years ago from foreign countries. There is no need of letting your sheep all die because they are diseased. Be thorough. You may not know that your sheep are troubled with any of these diseases. The delaines sometimes have these diseases, but not so often as the coarse wools. You must at all times be on the out look for preventions for these troubles.

Who Wants a Lyon & Healy Piano? We have learned of an unusual bargain in a Lyon & Healy Piano. This instrument is one of the regular style instruments. It is of the very latest design, semi-colonial, and the case is of exquisite mahogany. The musical position of the instrument is fully up to the high standard of all Lyon & Healy pianos. This particular instrument was in the possession of a private owner for a few months only and shows no trace of wear.

If you are interested, write to Lyon & Healy, 77 Adams street, Chicago, for an illustration of this piano and also for the low net price they are willing to name on this and other special bargains in slightly used pianos. Ask for their special sales list of such bargains and their offer of sales agents' discount for 30 days. Uprights from \$100 to \$175 that were originally priced for more than double these prices.

Try the Standard West column.

Mocha Fresh Roasted Coffee. Valley City Coffee & Spice Mills. Detroit-Saginaw-Bay City. High Grade Coffee at a Popular Price 20c the lb. Sold Everywhere.

County Prohibition Convention. A mass convention of the prohibitionists of Washtenaw county will be held in the city of Ann Arbor, September 4th, at 10 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. hall for the purpose of nominating delegates to the congressional, senatorial and state conventions.

All voters who intend to support the prohibition ticket without regard to party affiliation are invited to be present and take part in the convention. S. W. BIRD, Chairman Prohibition County Com. W. S. HAYES, Secretary.

A Word from Josh Wise. "A bachelor's a man who thinks clothes wash themselves an' children ain't never no trouble."

RHEUMATIC FOLKS. Are You Sure Your Kidney Are Well? Many rheumatic attacks are due to uric acid in the blood. But the duty of the kidneys is to remove all uric acid from the blood. Its presence there shows the kidneys are inactive.

Don't dally with "uric acid solvents." You might go on till doomsday with them, but until you cure the kidneys you will never get well. Doan's Kidney Pills not remove uric acid, but cure the kidneys and then all danger from uric acid is ended.

Alvan McCurdy, 39 Center St., Ypsilanti, Mich., says: "In my opinion, Doan's Kidney Pills are the best kidney remedy on the market today and I deem it a pleasure to recommend them. At one time my kidneys were in such a disordered condition that I was confined to my bed, suffering from intense pains across my back. Rheumatism also bothered me and I was unable to sleep at night on account of the kidney secretions. A friend finally induced me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and after taking the contents of three boxes, I was entirely cured. I am now without the least sign of kidney trouble and attribute my cure to the use of this sterling remedy."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Stivers & Kalmbach, Attorneys. Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.: At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 14th day of August in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Gottlieb Wassser, deceased, executor of said estate, having filed in this court his final account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 12th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy) DORCAS C. DONAGAN, Register.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.: At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 14th day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Christian Eisenman, deceased, executor of said estate, having filed in this court his final account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 5th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said account.

Foreclosure Sale of Property of the Glazier Stove Company. In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in Chancery, made and entered on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1908 in certain cause therein pending, wherein the Detroit Trust Company, as Trustee, is Complainant and the Glazier Stove Company, is Defendant, notice is hereby given that I shall sell by public auction to the highest bidder at the Western, or Main street entrance to the Washtenaw Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan, and State of Michigan, (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held) on Friday, the 11th day of September, A. D. 1908 at twelve o'clock noon standard time, on said day, the following described property, to-wit:

1. All of block one of the original plat of the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, according to the plat recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Washtenaw; excepting therefrom the following parcels:

(a) That parcel of land described as commencing at the southwest corner of lot number four block one of the original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(b) That parcel of land described as commencing on the south line of lot four of block one of the original recorded plat of said Village of Chelsea, running thence north parallel with the east line of Main street twenty-four feet; thence east parallel with the south line of said lot four twelve feet to the northeast corner of the brick addition erected to its power house; thence south twenty-four feet along the east side of said power house addition to the southeast corner thereof; thence west twelve feet to the place of beginning.

(c) That parcel of land described as commencing at a point on the south line of North street one hundred and fourteen feet west of seventy degrees west from the northeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, thence south twenty degrees east thirty-one feet; thence south seventy degrees west fifty-three and 1/2 feet; thence north twenty degrees west thirty-one feet to the south line of North street; thence north seventy degrees east fifty-three and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning; being situated on part of lots twenty-five and twenty-six of said block one.

(d) That parcel of land described as commencing at a point sixty-eight feet east of the southeast corner of lot four block one of the original plat of the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, on a continuation of the south line of said lot four; thence east on a continued line of the south line of lot four, and a continuation thereof seventy-one feet to an iron stake driven in the ground; thence south twenty degrees east twenty-seven feet and six inches to an angle in the south wall of the southeast foundry building; thence north eighty-four degrees west twenty feet and seven inches from the southwest corner of said brass foundry building; thence north sixty degrees west twenty-two feet and six inches to the northeast corner of said brass foundry building; thence north sixty degrees west twenty-two feet and six inches to the northeast corner of said block one; thence north twenty degrees east fifty-three and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(e) That parcel of land described as commencing at the southwest corner of lot number four block one original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the east side of Main street; thence south eight feet; thence east parallel with the south line of Main street thirty-nine feet to a point five feet west of the spur track running across the Glazier Stove Company lands; thence north eighty-four degrees west twenty feet and seven inches from the southwest corner of said brass foundry building; thence north sixty degrees west twenty-two feet and six inches to the northeast corner of said brass foundry building; thence north sixty degrees west twenty-two feet and six inches to the northeast corner of said block one; thence north twenty degrees east fifty-three and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(f) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(g) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(h) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(i) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(j) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(k) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(l) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(m) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.

(n) That parcel of land situated in the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of block one, original recorded plat of the Village of Chelsea, running thence north easterly along the south line of lot four fifty-six feet; thence north parallel with the east line of Main street forty feet; thence north westerly parallel with the south line of said lot four twenty and 1/2 feet; thence north five feet; thence westerly parallel with the said south line of lot four five feet; thence south parallel with the east line of Main street fifty and 1/2 feet to the place of beginning.